

Anno Regni
JACOBI II.

REGIS

Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the
Nineteenth Day of May, *Anno Dom. 1685.*
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the
Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France,*
and *Ireland* King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



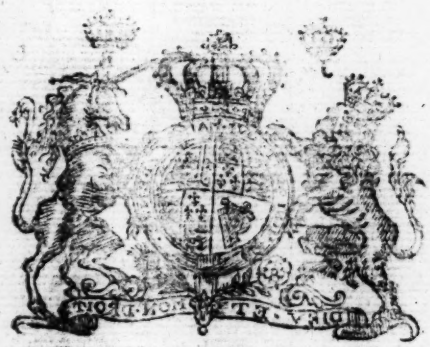
LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill* deceas'd: And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
To the *KING*s most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.

Anno Regni

JACOBI II.

1687



Printed by the Assigns of John Billdecker: And
by Henry Hills and Thomas Wainwright, Printers
To the KING most Excellent MAJESTY, 1687.

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III

His Majesties
MOST GRACIOUS
S P E E C H
To both Houses of
PARLIAMENT,

On Friday the 22th of May, 1685.

Published by His Majesties Command.



L O N D O N,

Printed by the Assigns of John Bill deceas'd : And
by Henry Hills, and Thomas Newcomb, Printers.
To the KINGS most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.

His Majesties

THE MOST GRACIOUS

S P E E C H

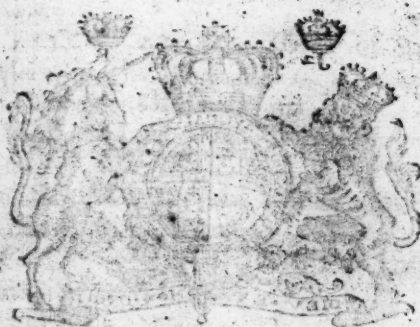
To both Houses of

PARLIAMENT.

On Friday the 14th May 1687.



Printed by J. Sturges at the Command.



L O N D O N

Printed by the Assigns of John Billdean: And
by Henry Hills, and Thomas Newman, Printers.
To the KING most Excellent MAJESTY, 1687.



His Majesties

MOST GRACIOUS

S P E E C H

To both Houses of
PARLIAMENT,

On Friday the 3rd of May, 1685.

My Lords and Gentlemen,



After it pleased Almighty God to take to his Mercy, the Late King, my Dearest Brother, and to bring Me to the Peaceable Possession of the Throne of My Ancestors; I immediately Resolved to Call a Parliament, as the best Means to Settle every Thing upon those Foundations that may make my Reign both

(4)

Easie, and Happy to you; towards
which I am Dispos'd to Contribute all
that is Fit for Me to do: What I said
to My Privy Council at My first
Coming there, I am desirous to Re-
new to you; Wherein I fully Decla-
red My Opinion concerning the Prin-
ciples of the Church of *England*, whose
Members have shewed themselves so
Eminently Loyal in the Worst of
Times, in Defence of My Father, and
Support of My Brother; of Blessed
Memory; That I will always take
Care to Defend and Support it: I will
make it My Endeavour to Preserve
this Government both in Church and
State, as it is now by Law Establi-
sh'd, and as I will never Depart from
the Just Rights and Liberties of the
Crown, So I will never invade any
Mans Property; And you may be
sure, That having heretofore Ventur-
ed My Life in the Defence of this
Nation, I shall still go as far as any
Man in Preserving it in all it's just
Rights and Liberties. And having
Given

Given you this Assurance concerning the Care I will have of your Religion and Property, which I have chosen to do in the same Words I used at My first Coming to the Crown, the better to Evidence to you That I Spoke Them not by chance, and consequently, That you may the more firmly Rely upon a Promise so Solemnly Made, I cannot Doubt that I shall fall of Seeable Returns from you, with all imaginable Duty and Kindness on your Part, and particularly, In what relates to the Settling of My Revenue, and Continuing it during My Life, as it was in the Time of the King My Brother: I might use many Arguments to Enforce this Demand, from the Benefit of Trade, The Support of the Navy, The Necessity of the Crown, and the Well-being of the Government it self, which I must not suffer to be Precarious; But I am confident, your own Consideration of what is Just and Reasonable, will suggest to you whatsoever might be Enlarged upon

on

on this Occasion. There is one Popular Argument, which I foresee may be used against what I Ask of you, from the Inclination Men may have for frequent Parliaments, which some may think would be the best Secured, by Feeding Me from Time to Time, by such Proportions as they shall think convenient; And this Argument, It being the First Time I Speak to you from the Throne, I will answer Once for All: That this would be a very improper Method to Take with Me, and, That the best Way to Engage Me to Meet you Often is, Always to Use Me well; I Expect therefore, That you will Comply with Me in what I have Desired, and, That you will Do it Speedily, That this may be a short Session, and That We may Meet again to all Our Satisfaction.

My Lords and Gentlemen,

I must acquaint you, That I have had News this Morning from Scotland, That

that *Argile* is Landed in the *West High-Lands*, with the Men he brought with him from *Holland*, and that there are two Declarations Published, one in the Name of all those in Arms there, the other in his own ; it would be too long for Me to Repeat the Substance of them, it is sufficient to tell you I am Charged with Usurpation and Tyranny : The shorter of them I have Directed to be forthwith Communicated to you ; I will take the best Care I can that this Declaration of their own Treason and Rebellion may meet with the Reward it deserves, and I will not doubt but that you all will be the more Zealous to Support the Government, and give Me My Revenue, as I have Desired it without Delay.

F I N I S.

(7)
that Night is Landed in the West High
Land; with the Men he brought with
him from Holland, and that there are
two Declarations Published, one in the
Name of all those in Arms there, the
other in his own; it would be too long
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it is sufficient to tell you I am Charged
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Honour of them I have Directed to be
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will take the best Care I can that this
Declaration of their own Treason and
Rebellion may meet with the Reward
it deserves, and I will not doubt but
that you all will be the more Zealous
to Support the Government, and give
Me My Revenue, as I have Desired it
without Delay.

W. I. N. I. S.

Anno Regni
J A C O B I II.
R E G I S

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the
Nineteenth Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1685.
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the
Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France,*
and *Ireland* King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



L O N D O N,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill* deceas'd: And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
To the **KINGS** most Excellent **MAJESTY**, 1685.

ANNO 1800

...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...
...the ...



TO THE HONORABLE MEMBERS OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
OF THE STATE OF NEW YORK:
IN SENATE,
JANUARY 10, 1906.
REPORT
OF THE
COMMISSIONER OF THE LAND OFFICE,
IN RESPONSE TO A RESOLUTION PASSED BY THE SENATE
MAY 17, 1905.

Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Settling the Revenue on His Majesty for His Life, which was settled on His Late Majesty for His Life.



Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of His late Majesties Reign of Blessed Memory, and Confirmed in the Thirteenth Year of His said Majesties Reign, Entituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported, A certain Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, according to the Rates therein mentioned, and Rules and Orders thereunto annexed, was given and granted unto His late Majesty for His Life :

And Whereas by an Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of His late Majesties Reign, and Confirmed in the Thirteenth Year of His said Majesties Reign, Entituled, A Grant of certain Impositions upon Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, for the Increase of His Majesties Revenue during His Life, several Rates, Impositions, Duties and Charges upon Beer, Ale, Cyder, and other Liquors therein mentioned, were given and granted to His late Majesty for His Life : The Commons in Parliament Assembled, do Give

4 Anno primo Jacobi secundi Regis.

and Grant to Your most Excellent Majesty, the aforesaid Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and the several Rates, Duties and Impositions upon Beer, Ale, Cyder, and other Liquors in the respective Acts aforesaid; And do most humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be Enacted;

And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this Your present Parliament Assembled, and by Authority of the same, That the aforesaid Subsidy of Tonnage and Poundage, and the several Rates, Duties and Impositions upon Beer, Ale, Cyder, and other Liquors aforesaid, be Levied, Collected and Paid unto Your Majesty during Your Life; And that the aforesaid Acts, and every Article, Rule and Clause therein mentioned, from the Sixth day of February last past; And also that an Order of the Commons in Parliament Assembled, made in pursuance of the Rules and Orders annexed to the aforementioned Act of Tonnage and Poundage, for settling of Officers Fees, Dated the Seventeenth of May One thousand six hundred sixty two, and Signed by Sir Edward Turner then Speaker, shall be of full force and effect to all Intents and Purposes, during Your Majesties Life, as if the same were particularly and at large Recited in the Body of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth Year of his late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act to prevent Frauds and Concealments of Customs and Subsidies; As also one Act made in the Fourteenth Year of his late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for preventing Frauds, and Regulating Abuses in His Majesties Customs, be of full force and effect during His Majesties Life, which God long Preserve.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

REGIS

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at Westminster the
Nineteenth Day of May; Anno Dom. 1685.
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the
Grace of God, of England, Scotland, France,
and Ireland King; Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of John Bill deceas'd : And
by Henry Hills, and Thomas Newcomb, Printers
To the KING's most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.

Anno Regni JACOB I. II.

1633

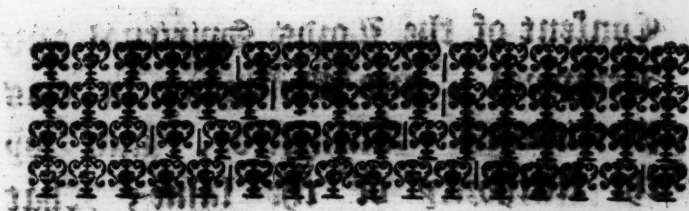
In the first Year of the reign of
 Jacobus Rex Angliæ &c.

At the request of the
 Commons of Great Brittain
 in Parliament assembled
 the following Bill
 for the better
 ordering of the
 said Commons
 and for the
 relief of the
 said Kingdom
 of Great Brittain
 in the said
 first Year of
 the said reign
 of the said
 Jacobus Rex
 Angliæ &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assignes of Iohn Ball deceased, at the
 Signe of the Crown, in the Strand, by Henry Hills, and
 at the Signe of the Crown, in the Strand, by Henry Hills, and
 at the Signe of the Crown, in the Strand, by Henry Hills, and



Anno Regni

Jacobi H. Regis.

An Act to Attaint *James* Duke of
Monmouth of High Treason.



Whereas *James* Duke
of *Monmouth* has
in an hostile man-
ner Invaded this
Kingdom, and is
now in open Re-
bellion

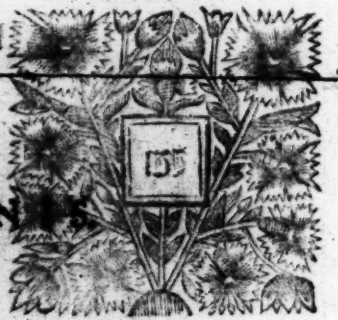
Leaving
War against the King, contrary to
the Duty of his Allegiance; Be it
Enacted by the Kings most Excellent
Majesty, by and with the Advice and

(8)

Consent of the Lords Spiritual and
Temporal, and Commons in this
Parliament assembled, and by
the Authority of the same, That
the said James Duke of Monmouth
Stand and be Convicted and Attaint-
ed of High Treason, And that he
suffer pains of Death, and incur
all forfeitures as a Traitor, Condem-
ned and Attainted of High Treason.

An Act to Attaine James Duke of
Monmouth of High Treason.

Whereas James Duke
of Monmouth has
in an hostile man-
ner raised this
army, and is
now in open Re-
bellion.



Contrary to the duty of his Majesty, and to the duty of his Majesty's most Excellent
Majesty, by and with the advice and
Consent

Anno Regni
J A C O B I II.
REGIS

Angliae, Scotiae, Franciae & Hiberniae,
Primo.

At the Parliament begun at Westminster the Nineteenth Day of May, Anno Dom. 1685. in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most Gracious Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the Grace of God, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of John Bill, Deceas'd: And
by Henry Hills, and Thomas Newcomb, Printers
to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1685.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

REGIS

Anglicæ, Franciæ, Hiberniæ,

Primo

As the Parliament began at Westminster the Ninth
 Month Day of May, Anno Domini 1782. in the
 first Year of the Regn of Our Most Gracious
 Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the Grace of
 God of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland,
 King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON

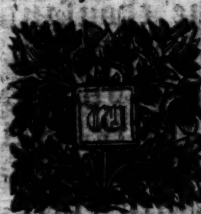
Printed by the Assigns of John Bill, Decedent: And
 by Henry Hills, and Thomas Yacombe, Printers
 to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1782.

Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Granting His Majesty an Imposition upon all Wines and Vineger, Imported between the Four and twentieth day of *June*, One thousand six hundred eighty five, and the Four and twentieth day of *June* One thousand six hundred ninety and three.

Most Gracious Sovereign,

 Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects the Commons Assembled in Parliament, towards a Supply for Repairs of the Navy, and providing Stores for the Navy and Ordnance, and other Your Majesties weighty and important Occasions: and With an humble and Thankful Acknowledgment of Your Majesties Favourable and Tender Regard of Us Your Commons, have Cheerfully and Unanimously given and granted unto Your Majesty an Aid and Assistance

C²

Dance

stance to be Raised and Levied upon all Wines and Vineger to be Imported into this Your Majesties Kingdom according to such Rates, and during such time, and in such manner and form as heretofore after followeth.

And We do humbly beseech Your Majesty that it may be Enacted, And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for all French Wines, Spanish Wines, or other Wines whatsoever, as also for all Vineger which at any time after the Four and twentieth day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand six hundred eighty five, and before the Four and twentieth day of June, in the year of Our Lord One thousand six hundred ninety three, shall be Imported into England or Wales, or the Town or Port of Berwick upon Tweed, there shall be duty Answered and Paid to his Majesty, the further Rates and Duties hereafter mentioned (that is to say) For every Tun of French Wine, and of Vineger which shall be Imported within the time aforesaid, the Sum of Eight pounds by the Tun, and so after that Rate for any greater or lesser quantity. And also for every Tun of Spanish Wines, or of any other Wines which shall be Imported within the time aforesaid, the Sum of Twelve

Twelve pounds by the Tunn, and so after
that Rate for any greater or lesser
quantity.

And for the better and more sure Col-
lecting and Receiving of all and singular
the Duties hereby Imposed, be it further
Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That
if any person or persons within the time
aforesaid shall Import, or cause to be Im-
ported by way of Merchandize, or other-
wise, any of the Liquors such Importers
shall upon the Entry made of such Li-
quors, and before the Landing thereof,
pay down the Duties hereby Imposed,
in ready Money, deducing the Allow-
ance hereafter mentioned, or otherwise
become bound unto his Majesty with
Two or more sufficient Sureties, or se-
cure Three other persons, to become
bound to his Majesty to Answer and pay
unto his Majesty the whole Rates and
Duties hereby Imposed, by Three seve-
ral and equal Payments, The first
Payment thereof to be made within
Three Months after the Date of the said
Obligation, The Second Payment to be
made within Six Months after the Date
of the said Obligation, And the Third
and last Payment to be made within Nine
Months after the Date of the said Obliga-
tion. The taking which Bonds, and
the approbation of the Sureties
to be named, is hereby to be left to the
discretion of such Farmers or other Com-
missioners, for the time being, as shall be
intrusted

instructed with the Receipt and Manage-
 ment of his Majesties Customs and
 Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage,
 or their Deputy-Collectors at the several
 Ports, or such other Person or persons as
 his Majesty shall Authorise and Appoint
 to collect the Duties within by this Act
 provided Statute, And it is hereby De-
 clared and Enacted, That all and every
 Person and persons Importing any of
 the Lignors aforesaid, within the time a-
 foresaid, by Way of Merchandise or other-
 wise, who shall pay the Duties which by
 this Act are due and payable in ready
 Money, shall be allowed and abated out
 of the said Duties after the Rate of Ten
 pounds per Cent for a Year in considera-
 tion of such ready Money so paid down
 and advanced.
 And it is further Enacted by the Au-
 thority aforesaid, That if any of the said
 Lignors shall be Imported within the
 time aforesaid, and Landed without
 present Payment made of the Rates and
 Duties by this Act imposed, in Cases
 where this Act requires present Pay-
 ment to be made, or without Security
 given for Payment thereof, in Cases
 where this Act requires Security to be
 given, then and in every such Case
 the said Lignors so Imported
 shall be landed, or the same thereof shall
 be landed, Out Money thereof to his
 Majesty, and the other Collectors to him or
 them that shall or shall be for the same;
 And

And shall and may be Recovered in any Court of Record by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information, wherein no Escoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed, nor any more then one Imparance: And yet nevertheless the Persons so Importing and Landing any of the said Liquors, shall, notwithstanding such Forfeitures so as aforesaid incurred, remain and continue liable unto, and shall answer and pay unto His Majesty the Rates and Duties for such Liquors which by this Act are due and payable.

And whereas by the Act for Tonnage and Poundage, and the Instructions and Rules for Collecting His Majesties Duties arising thereon, it is directed that certain Allowances be made upon Importation of Wines and other Liquors: Be it further Enacted, That no Importer thereof shall be Chargeable on penalty of this Act to pay the Duty hereby required, for any greater proportion of Wines or other Liquors so Imported at the Custom House, then what shall remain after all such Allowances and abatements. And whereas this present Act gives no abatement in any person upon Exportation of any the Liquors aforesaid: Be it further Enacted and Declared, That all Importers not being Wholesalers or Retailers so who are hereby declared, shall pay redempcion money for the whole Duty: who shall Import any of the aforesaid Liquors within

within the time aforesaid, and shall make Oath that the same are Imported by way of Merchandize, and with intent to sell again (which Oath the Farmers or Commissioners of his Majesties Customs for the time being, or in their absence the Collector of his Majesties Customs in each several and respective Port, or such other person or persons as his Majesty shall Authorize and Appoint to Collect the Duties arising by this Act, have hereby power to administer) That then and in every such Case for, and in consideration of any defect or damage that may happen by any of the aforesaid Reasons, lying longer on the said Importers hands then heretofore, or by reason of any other Accident, there shall be allowed and abated to every such Importer, the further allowance of Eight pence per Cent, and no more: Provided, That no Merchant shall be Charged with any Duty imposed by this Act for the Damage, Time which he Imports in any Ship or Vessel, nor shall any Security be by him given for the same, but that it be retained and taken from the person who hath or enjoyeth the benefit of the said Privilege, who is hereby appointed to pay the same.

And it is hereby De-
clared and Enacted, That if any of the
said Imported Liquors, for which any of
the Rates and Duties by this Act Impos-
ed, shall be paid down and advanced, or
otherwise

otherwise secured as aforesaid, shall at any time after such Importation be again Exported into Parts beyond the Seas; That then, and in every such case, the person or persons so Exporting the same shall be wholly barred and excluded from having or receiving back the Duties of this Act so paid down or advanced or any part thereof, nor shall the Security formerly given by such person Exporting for the true payment of the Duties by this Act Imposed, be any ways razed, lessened or discharged by reason of such Exportation, but the same Securities shall remain and continue in full force until the Duties thereby secured be fully and wholly satisfied and paid, Any such Exportation to the contrary notwithstanding.

And for the better Prevention of all such Frauds, which at any time hereafter may be committed to the prejudice of His Majesty in the due Collecting and Retaining of the Duties hereby Imposed upon such Liquors to be Imported as aforesaid.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Officers of His Majesties Customs, or such other person or persons as His Majesty shall Authorize and Appoint to Collect the Duties arising by this Act, shall have like Power and Authority to enter on board Ships and Vessels, and make Searches, and to do all other matters and things which may
E tend

tend to secure the true Payment of the Duties by this Act Imposed, and the due and orderly Collection thereof, which any Customers, Collectors or other Officers of any of His Majesties Ports can or may do touching the Securing his Majesties Customs of Tonnage and Poundage, and all the said Liquors to be Imported within the time aforesaid, and Landed without doing and performing what by this Act is required to be done and performed before the Landing thereof: And all Officers of his Majesties Customs, and all Persons Importing any of the said Liquors, and all others imployed by his Majesty in the Collection of the Duties arising by this Act, who shall be found guilty of any Act or Neglect tending to defraud his Majesty of any the Duties hereby Imposed, shall be subject and lyable to the same Seizures, Penalties, and Forfeitures which by vertue of any former Act can or may be inflicted in such Cases, where his Majesty is defrauded, or endeavoured to be defrauded of any of his Customs and Subsidies, as fully and amply, as if the same Clauses of Seizures, Penalties and Forfeitures, and the same Distribution of such Forfeitures, and the same Remedy for Recovery thereof, had been again in this Act particularly Repeated, Applied and Enacted.

And if any Liquors Seised for any Offence committed against this Act, shall
be

be claimed by any person as the Importer thereof, the proof whether the Duties thereof be duly Paid or Secured shall lie upon such Claimer, and shall not be incumbent on His Majesty, or any Prosecutor or Informer on behalf of His Majesty and himself.

F I N I S.

THE
LIBRARY
OF THE
MUSEUM
OF
NATURAL
HISTORY
AND
ZOOLOGY
OF
THE
CITY
OF
NEW
YORK
1850

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Job

Anno Regni JACOBII II.

REGIS

*Angliae, Scotiae, Franciae & Hiberniae,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the Nineteenth Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1685. in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most Gracious Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill*, Deceas'd: And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1685.

Anno Regni JACOBI II. REGIS

Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
 Princeps.

At the Parliament begun and dissolved the Nine-
 teenth Day of May, Anno Domini 1685. in the
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SECRET

Ann. Regni. 1688.

THE PRINCE

and a great many other things that I have not time to write.

ALL VOTERS for Granting to His Majesty's

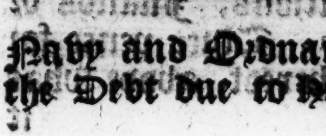
... was reported between the FOIA and

16. hundred and the first had the right

and twentieth day of June One thousand nine hundred and thirty three

~~SECRET~~

1942



1950

vants and family, and other Your Ma-
 jesties weale and important Occasions,
 have cheerfully and unanimously given
 their assent unto Your Majesty an Aid
 and Assistance to be Raised and Levied
 upon all Tobacco and Sugar to be Im-
 ported into Your Majesties Kingdom, ac-
 cording to such Rates, and during such
 Time, and in such Manner and Form as
 hereafter shall followeth. And we do hum-
 bly beseech Your Majesty that it may be
 Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings
 most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
 Advice and Consent of the Lords Spi-
 ritual and Temporal, and of the Com-
 mons in this present Parliament Assem-
 bled, and by the Authority of the same,
 That for all sorts of Tobacco: as also
 for all sorts of Sugar, which at any
 time after the four and twentieth day of
 June, in the year of our Lord One thou-
 sand six hundred eighty and five, and be-
 fore the four and twentieth day of June,
 which shall be in the year of our Lord
 One thousand six hundred ninety and
 three, shall be Imported into England or
 Wales or the Town and Port of Berwick
 upon Tyne, there shall be only and ther-
 ed and paid, as his Majesty the farther
 Rates and Duties hereafter mentioned
 (that is to say) for all sorts of Tobacco
 of the Growth and Production of any of
 his Majesties Plantations, Islands or
 Territories in America, Three pence for
 every pound weight thereof, above what
 it

it now pays: and for every pound weight
 of Spanish or Foreign Tobacco, not of the
 English plantations, three pence above
 what it now pays: And for all Musco-
 vade Sugar of the aforesaid plantations,
 Island, Land, or River, One far-
 thing the pound weight above what it
 now pays: and for every pound weight
 of Sugar of the English plantations
 made fit for Common use or Spending,
 Three farthings above what it now
 pays: And for every pound weight of
 Muscovade Sugar of Brazil, or any other
 Foreign part not of English plantations,
 One half penny above what it now
 pays: and for all Pease Sugar, One half
 penny the pound weight above what it
 now pays: and for every pound weight
 of Foreign White powder Sugar, One
 penny farthing above what it now pays:
 And for all Foreign Sugar Imported into
 the Coast, Three pence the pound weight
 above what it now pays: All which
 Duties to be paid for any the Commodi-
 ties aforesaid Imported as aforesaid, shall
 from time to time, and at all times du-
 ring the Continuance of this Act be levied
 on the Consumption of the said Com-
 modities in England or Wales, or Town of
 Berwick upon Tyne, to be paid in man-
 ner following, (that is to say) The
 Importer, Merchant, Planter, or other
 that shall Import the said Goods, if he
 be a Retailer, Consumptioner or Shop-
 keeper

Except dealing in those Commodities, the Duties aforesaid shall be paid and satisfied to such Importer, Shop-keeper, Retailer or Consumptioner upon the Importing or Landing of his or their Goods, and before he or they be permitted or suffered to carry away his or their Goods from the Custom-house or other place in the Port in which they may happen to be Landed or brought on Shore.

And be it further Enacted, That every Merchant or Importer that is not a Retailer, Consumptioner or Shopkeeper, dealing in those Commodities after Entry of his or their Goods by Bill under his or their Hands, or the Hand of such person from whom he or they shall engage to be answerable presently, before he or they be admitted or permitted to have any Warrant to receive his or their Goods out of the Ship or from the Water-side, shall become bound unto His Majesty with one or more sufficient Sureties, or procure such other persons to become bound to His Majesty in such Sums of Money as shall amount to the value of the Duties hereby imposed upon his or their Goods, with Condition, That he or they shall not and will not Deliber, or cause or suffer any of the said Goods to be Delivered unto any of the Buyers thereof, or put or delivered into the Custody or Possession of any Retailer, Consumptioner, or Shopkeeper dealing in the said Commodities, before

before such time as the Duty imposed by this Act upon his or their said Goods be first duly paid and satisfied, in that case he shall not sell or export the same before the expiration of Eighteen Months from the Importation thereof, that he will pay all and every the Duties imposed by this Act, and that every Merchant or other Importer of any the Commodities liable to the Duties imposed by this Act after he hath Entered his Goods, and given Bond as aforesaid, shall afterwards upon Sale of all or any part of the same under his own hand, or the hand of such person for whom he or they shall be responsible, Certifie in writing the Quantity and Quality and Weight of his Goods sold, with the Name of the Buyer, who bringing and delivering of the same to the next Office appointed for the Collection of this Duty, shall then and there pay the Duties aforesaid, of the Goods so Certified to be sold unto the Officer appointed to Receive the same, who thereupon shall give him a Receipt for such his Duties paid, and a Certificate to be left with the Merchant Importer of the Payment of the same, and no Merchant Importer aforesaid, before his Receipt of such Certificate of Payments of the Duties as aforesaid, shall Deliver or cause to be Delivered, nor Buyer nor any other Person receive all or any such Goods, upon pain of Forfeiture of double Duties imposed by

by this Act, as the value of the Goods so
 imported and received; which forfeit-
 ure the said Importer and Receiver shall
 and lawfully be liable unto, *Item* it is
 enacted, That a
 Person, who shall in Exchange of one
 Good for another, shall to all Intents
 and Purposes be deemed and reputed a
 Merchant, and the Duties presently paid for
 both Commodities, if they be both liable
 thereto, or for such of the Commodi-
 ties as are liable, upon pain of forfeit-
 ing by the Parties Bartering, Truck-
 ing, or Exchanging, as in case of not
 paying the Duties for the like Goods upon
 the Sale of them.

And it is enacted, That where the first
 Person, who shall of the said Goods in
 Truck, Barter or Exchange does buy or
 receive the said Goods with intent to Ex-
 port the same, in such case the Importer
 shall certify in Writing, the Quantity and
 Quality, and weight of the Goods sold
 or bartered, with the Name of the Buy-
 er, or Barterer, who bringing and deli-
 vering of the same unto the Chief Officer
 or Officers, in the next Office appointed
 for the Collection of this Duty, shall then
 and there enter into Bond with Sure-
 ties and Penalty of double Duties as a-
 foresaid, to Export the same bona fide with-
 in the space of four months, who there-
 upon shall give him a Certificate of such
 Bond, Entered into the which Certificate,
 he

he shall deliver to the Merchant Importer, and by virtue of the same, receive Possession of the Goods; and such Certificate being produced by the Importer, shall Discharge his Account for so much, as if the Duties had been paid, the which Bond for the Exportation of the Goods so Entered into, shall again be Discharged and Vacated by the Certificate of his Majesties Searcher, or Under-Searcher in the Port of London, and of the Searcher of any other of the Out-Ports, certifying the Shipping of the same, and the Merchant or Merchants Oath that the same have not again been re-landed in England or Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed; for which Oath and Certificate no Fee is to be taken.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Commissioners, or chief Managers and Collegues appointed for the Collecting of this Duty respectively, and in their several and respective Offices once every Three Months without fail, or oftner if they shall see cause, shall take care for the Ballancing and Adjusting of the Merchants their Import Accounts, by calling them, and requiring them and every of them, to bring and deliver to them respectively a particular Account of all the Goods and Merchandize liable to this Duty, which shall be then remaining in his or their hands at the time he or they shall be so
h called

called upon, and required; And if any such Merchant, Importer or other Person shall upon notice given him or them, or upon notice or summons left at his or their usual place of abode or habitation, warning him or them therunto, refuse or neglect to give in such Account for the space of fourteen days after such notice, warning, or summons as aforesaid, Every such Merchant or Importer shall then be liable to the payment of the full Duty of all the Goods he shall stand duly Charged with in his or their Import Account, and shall pay the same within fourteen days next after following, at the further; Or in default thereof every such Merchant Importer shall forfeit double the value of all the Duties of such Goods as shall be found resting and remaining on his Import Account, and shall ever after be incapable of taking up any Goods liable to this Duty, in any sort of this Realm, for his own, or any other use, without payment double of the Duty of such Goods, as if he were a Retailer, Consumer, or Shopkeeper dealing in such Goods; But if such Importer shall upon demand, or within fourteen days after, give in such Account as aforesaid, then the said Commissioners, Collectors, or their Managers of this Duty may (if they see cause so to do) appoint One or more Officer or Officers to Enter into all the Cellars, Warehouses, Store-Houses,

In other places whatsoever belonging to
 such Importer, to Search, See, and
 Try by taking an Account of the quanti-
 ty and quality of the Goods and Mer-
 chandize therein remaining, whether such
 Importers Remainder do agree with his
 Account, or no; and to make Report
 thereof to the said Commissioners, or Col-
 lectors respectively: which Report of such
 Officer or Officers, in case of differences
 between the Remainder and Account of
 such Merchant, shall be reputed, taken
 and esteemed for the true and full remain-
 der, according to which the said Commis-
 sioners or Collectors shall proceed in ma-
 king up his Account: And then such
 Importer making Oath before the said
 Commissioners, Collectors, or other Ma-
 gistrates of his Duty respectively, that the
 Goods and Merchandizes remaining,
 valued by the Officer or Officers afore-
 said, and all other Goods Shipt out by
 him or others, by which his Account is
 to be Discharged, were all and every part
 and parcel of those such Goods and Mer-
 chandizes as had been by him formerly
 Imported by himself, and Entered in the
 Office appointed for the same, and there
 Charged on his proper Import Account,
 and that the said Goods and Merchand-
 izes found to remaining had not been
 sold or altered, since receipt or import-
 ing, in their proper state the first Import-
 ation and bringing in of the same into
 this

this Realm, the said Commissioners, Collectors, or chief Managers of this Duty, shall settle and adjust the aforesaid Importers Accounts accordingly: But if any Merchant Importer aforesaid shall refuse to permit any Officer or Officers Authorized by Warrant from the Commissioner or Commissioners for the Collecting of this Duty in the day time, to Enter into or Search his or their Cellars, Warehouses, Storehouses, Store-Cellars, or other places, and to take an Account of the quality and quantity of his and their Goods therein remaining, Every such Merchant shall for every such refusal, forfeit One hundred pounds; and if permitting Entrance and Search as aforesaid, shall nevertheless refuse to make Oath that the Goods and Merchandise viewed and seen, and shewn unto the Officer and Officers as aforesaid, or shipped out as aforesaid, were all of them Imported by himself from beyond the Seas, and Entered upon his Import Account in the Office appointed for this Duty, and without any alteration or property, all and every such Goods shall be esteemed and reputed the Goods and Merchandise of some other then such Importer, and therefore not at all to be reckoned in Discharge of his Account: And if such Merchant shall make Oath, and yet shall neglect or refuse for the space of Fourteen days following after the doing thereof, to pay

pay and satisfie such Duties as by this Act shall be due and payable thereupon, every such Importer his Bond given upon Entry of those Goods which he found Wanting, shall be returned into the Exchequer, there to be prosecuted according to the course of law, and shall not afterwards upon his or their Importation of Goods into any Port of this Realm, be permitted to take up, Land, or Way on Shore his or their Goods before payment down of the full Duties by this Act Imposed unto the Officer appointed to receive the same at the Port where his Goods shall arrive or be brought in.

Provided always, And it is hereby Declared, That the Importers Accounts shall be discharged by Exportations by him made, for which he shall produce Certificate under the hands of his Majesties Searcher or Under-Searcher, in the Port of London, and of the Searcher of any other of the Out-Ports, Certifying the Shipping out of the same, And his or their Oath that the same have not been again Re-landed in England, Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed.

Provided also, That every Importer who shall be Retailer, Confectioner, or Shopkeeper, dealing in the Commodities aforesaid, who are to pay down the aforesaid Duty upon such his Importation, shall upon his Exportation of the said Commodities, within the space of

Eighteen months next after such his Importation, he Repaid the Duties so by him paid down upon his Importation of the same, by the Officer appointed to Receive the said Duty.

And forasmuch as the Commodities aforesaid are liable to Damage on the Seas, And whereas by the Act of Tonnage and Poundage, and the Rules and Instructions for Collecting his Majesties Duties arising thereby, It is directed that Allowance be made for Damage by Salt-water or otherwise.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Importer of the Commodities chargeable by this Act, shall be charged for any greater Proportion of the Goods herein mentioned, duly Entered at the Custom-house, then what shall remain next after such Allowance or Abatement.

And forasmuch as the Commodities aforesaid are liable to Waste and Decay, during the time they may remain in the hands of the Importer, before the Sale or Exportation of the same, the aforesaid Commissioner or Commissioners, Collectors, or chief Managers of this Duty are hereby Impowered and Authorized to make such further Allowance for the same as in their Judgments shall seem meet, considering the Circumstances of the Commodities, and the time of their lying by in considering of all Damages,

ges, Want of Weight, Diminution, or Prejudice whatsoever that may happen to the said Commodities: Provided, such Allowance exceed not Eight Pounds per Cent. in the whole, for all Causes whatsoever.

And whereas it is provided, That this Duty be Collected on the Retailer, Consumptioner, or Shopkeeper Trading in the said Commodities Importing the same, or on the first Buyer not Exporting the same, as is before declared: Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case the Merchant or others Importing the same (who shall be admitted to receive Possession of his Goods on Security, as aforesaid) shall not clear his or their Import Account, either by Sales or Exportation, as aforesaid, within the Term of Eighteen Months, from the time of the Importation of the said Goods: he or they the said Importer or Importers shall be charged with the Duty Imposed by this Act on the Commodities aforesaid, and Answer and pay the same as if the said Goods had then been Sold for Retail, although the said Goods shall still remain without any Alteration of Property in his or their hands, Any thing in this Act to the contrary notwithstanding: Provided always, That in such Cause Allowance be made for Waste and Decay in the manner already provided for.

And

And to the end that all Importers, Merchants, and Persons concerned in the Payment of the Duties aforesaid, may know to whom, and where to pay the same, and to make Entry of their Goods, in manner as by this Act is intended. It is hereby Enacted, That his Majesty may from time to time Nominate, Commissionate, and Authorize such Commissioner or Commissioners, Collector or Collectors, or other Officer or Officers, as he shall think fit to Manage, Collect and Levy the said Duties in every Port of the Kingdom, which said Commissioners, Collectors, or other Officer or Officers so appointed, shall duly attend at the Custom House, or other Place publicly appointed in the Port or Place to which he or they shall be respectively appointed at the usual hours and times in which the Officers of the Customs do or ought to attend, and there shall Do and Execute whatsoever ought to be Done and Executed on his or their parts pursuant to the Trust reposed in him or them, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That no Merchant or Merchants, or any other Person or Persons whatsoever Entering any Goods, Wares and Merchandises from beyond the Seas that are liable to the Duties imposed by this Act, shall Enter his or their
Com-

Commodities in any other then the Name
of the true Importer of the said Commo-
dities: Nor shall make use of any Name
of any Person whatsoever to Colour his
or their Goods: Whether it be with or
without the consent of such Person, upon
pain of forfeiture of double Duties on
such Goods so found or discovered to be
Entered or Coloured contrary to the true
meaning hereof. And for better Re-
gulating and Collecting all and of every the
said Duties imposed by this Act, and pre-
venting the many Frauds and Deceits
which may be had and used by evil dispo-
sed Persons, and undue practices to evade
this Act, We it further Enacted by the
Authority aforesaid, That no Goods,
Wares or Merchandises liable to the Du-
ties by this Act imposed, shall from and
after the said four and twentieth day of
June in the year of our Lord One thou-
sand six hundred eighty and five, during
the continuance of this Act, be shipped,
loaded or laid on Land out of any Ship, Bar-
tom, Hop, Bark, Lighter, Boat or Ves-
sel whatsoever, or put off from any
Wharf, Quay, or Place, or Land into any
Ship, Bottom, Hop, Bark, Lighter,
Boat or other Vessel whatsoever, but
only in such manner and at such times
and places, and no other wise then the
said Goods or Merchandises may or ought
to be shipped, Unladen or put into any
Ship or other Vessel to be laid on Shore

or Laden, put off from Land into any Ship or other Vessel by vertue of and according to the true intent and meaning of the several Acts and Statutes made and Enacted for the payment of his Majesty's Customs and Subsidies of Tonnage and Poundage, and for Collecting and Levying the said Duties. And for preventing Frauds and regulating Abuses in his Majesty's Customs, and all the Clauses, Penalties and Forfeitures mentioned in the aforesaid Acts against Masters of Ships, Wharfingers, Seamen and Boatmen, Carmen and Porters, shall be to all intents and purposes in full force touching and concerning any of the Goods and Merchandises mentioned in this Act, and the Duties imposed thereupon (as well in relation to their Landing at their Importation as at the Loading of the same at Exportation, as also for their carrying at any time Coastwise from one port to another) as if the same were herein particularly and at large Recited: And the Commissioner or Commissioners, Collector or Collectors, Officers or Officers appointed as aforesaid for the Collecting of this Duty, are hereby empowered for the better Collecting the Duties hereby imposed, and therein prohibiting all frauds and undue practices, with all the Powers and Authorities the Commissioners, Collectors or Officers of the Custom House have, or may have, by vertue

verthe of the aforementioned Laws in relation to the management of the Customs. And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Penalties and Forfeitures incurred by vertue of this Act shall and may be recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in his Majesties Court of Exchequer, or in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster: And that one moiety of all Penalties and Forfeitures herein mentioned shall be to the Kings Majesty, his heirs and Successors, and the other moiety to such Person or Persons as shall sue for the same, wherein no Escoign, Prosecution or Waiver of Law shall be allowed, or any more then one Imparllance: Provided alwayes, That no Person or Persons shall sue for the aforesaid Penalties or Forfeitures but such Officer or Officers as shall be appointed by his Majesty, or by any Authority derived from him for the management of his Customs, or the Duties imposed by this Act. And be it hereby also Enacted, That all Officers, Deputies, Clerks or Servants which shall have any Office or Employment in the Managing, Collecting or Attending upon the Collection of this Duty, shall before their Entering upon their respective Offices, Trusts or Employments take their respective Corporal Oaths for the due and faithful Execution and Discharge to the best of their knowledge

ledge and power of the several Trusts and Commissioners committed to their charge, to cause the Commissioners and persons named in the Statute of this Order, or by the Treasurer or Comptroller in the Exchequer of the Kingdom: And if any Person shall be in any Offence committed against this Act shall be punished by any Person whatsoever, or any Person Information shall be brought or commenced against any Person in the execution of the Duties or Forfeitures granted by this Act, the Ouspghand, or the proof, whether the Duties thereof be paid or secured, shall lie upon the Treasurer, or Exchequer, and shall not be imputable on his Majesty, or any Privy Councillor or Minister on behalf of his Majesty or otherwise, provided such Seizure or Information be made or brought by Officers or persons appointed by his Majesties Customs, or by the Officers acting by virtue of this Act.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

REGIS

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at Westminster the
Nineteenth Day of May, Anno Dom. 1685.
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the
Grace of God, of England, Scotland, France,
and Ireland King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of John Bill deceas'd : And
by Henry Hills, and Thomas Newcomb, Printers
To the KINGS most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.

paid 27. June 5th p. m.

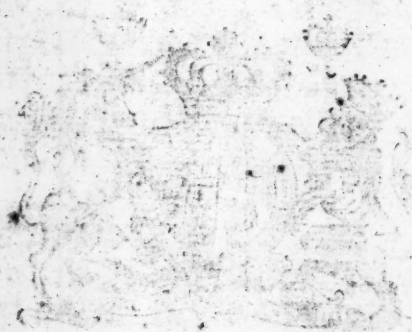
Anno Regni

JACOB II.

REGIS

1685

the Parliament begun at Westminster the
fifth of May in the first Year of our said
Majesties Sovereignty Lord Jacob II. by the
Grace of God Great Prince of Wales &c. &c.
and before King the Elder of the said



Printed by J. Sturges, at the Press of the
University of Oxford, in the Year 1685.
M. M. 2. 5. 2. 2. 2.

Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Granting an Aid to His Majesty by an Imposition on all *French* Linnens, and all *East-India* Linnen, and several other Manufactures of *India*, and on all *French* wrought Silks and Stuffs, and on all other wrought Silks, and on all Brandies Imported after the First Day of *July* One thousand six hundred Eighty five, and before the First day of *July* One thousand six hundred and ninety.

Most Gracious Sovereign,



E Your Majesties most Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, the Commons Assembled in Parliament, for a Supply of Your Majesties Extraordinary Occasions, for Suppressing the Rebellion of the late Duke of Monmouth and his Adherents, and With an Humble and
 R Thank=

Thankful Acknowledgment of Your Majesties favourable and Tender regard of us Your Commons, have Cheerfully and Unanimously Given and Granted unto Your Majesty, An Aid and Assistance to be Raised and Levied upon all French Linnen, and upon all Callicoes, and all other Indian Linnen Imported from the East Indies, or from any other Parts from whence they may by Law be Imported; And on all Wrought Silks, or Manufactures of India, made of, or mixed with Herba, or Silk and Thread, or Cotton, Imported from the East Indies, or from any other Parts from whence they may by Law be Imported; And on all Wrought Silks, and other Stuffs Manufactured in France or Avignon; And on all other Wrought Silks Imported from any other Place, and on all Single Brandy, and on all Brandy above Proof, Imported into this Your Majesties Kingdom, and on all Home-made Spirits, and Strongwaters, according to such Rates, and during such Time, and in such Manner and Form as herein after followeth.

And we do humbly beseech your Majesty That it may be Enacted, And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, And by the Authority of the same, That for all

French

French Linnen, and for Callicoes, and all other Indian Linnen Imported from the East-Indies, or from any other Parts, from whence they may by Law be Imported, and for all wrought Silks, or Manufactures of India, made of or mixt with Herba, or Silk and Thread, or Cotton Imported from the East-Indies, or from any other Parts, from whence they may by Law be Imported, and for all wrought Silks, and other Stuffs whatsoever, Manufactured in France or Avignon, and for all other wrought Silks Imported from any other Place whatsoever, and for all single Brandy, and for all Brandy above Proof, which at any time after the first Day of July, in the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred Eighty and five, and before the first day of July in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and ninety, shall be Imported into England or Wales, or the Town and Port of Berwick upon Tweed, As also for all home-made Spirits, and Strong Waters which after the said first day of July, in the said year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred eighty and five, and before the first day of July, in the year of our Lord, One thousand six hundred and ninety, shall be made or Distilled for Sale, there shall be duly answered and paid to his Majesty the further Rates and Duties hereafter mentioned, That is to say, For all French Lin-

then Imported within the time aforesaid,
 Double the Duties they stand charged
 with in the Book of Rates. And for all
 Callicoes and all other Indian Linen
 Imported within the time aforesaid, from
 the East Indies, or from any other Parts
 from whence they may by Law be Im-
 ported, Ten pounds for every hundred
 pounds value thereof. And for all
 wrought Silks, or other Manufactures
 of India mixed with Herba, or Silk and
 Thread, or Cotton, Imported within the
 time aforesaid, from the East Indies, or
 from any other Parts from whence they
 may by Law be Imported, Ten pounds
 for every hundred pounds value thereof.
 And for all wrought Silks and other
 Stuffs Manufactured in France, or Avigni-
 on, Imported within the time aforesaid,
 Ten pounds for every hundred pounds
 value thereof. And for all other wrought
 Silks Imported within the time aforesaid,
 from any other Place, Seven pounds
 for every hundred pounds value thereof.
 And for every Gallon of Strong Water
 or Brandy, commonly called single Bran-
 dy, or Strong Water Imported from be-
 yond the Seas, within the time aforesaid,
 Eight pence over and above the Duties of
 Excise and Custom already payable for
 the same. And for every Gallon of
 Strong Water or Brandy above Proof,
 commonly called Double Brandy, Im-
 ported within the time aforesaid, Two
 shillings

Shillings over and above the Duties of Excise and Customs it already pays, and for every Gallon of Strong Waters, Aqua Vita, or Spirits of the second Extraction, made here for Sale, to be paid by the Maker, Four pence over and above the Duties of Excise already payable for the same; for all which additional Duties hereby Imposed upon the aforementioned Commodities Imported as aforesaid, the Importer, giving Security at the Custom-house, shall have time not exceeding Twelve months, for the Payment of the same, from the Importation, to be paid by four equal and Quarterly Payments; or in case such Importer shall pay ready money, he shall have after the Rate of Ten per Centum for a year of the said Duty abated to him, and if the Commodities aforesaid Imported as aforesaid, for which this Duty is paid or Secured at the Importation thereof, be again Exported within Twelve Months after the Importation, then the aforesaid Duties shall be wholly repaid or the Security vacated, as to what shall be so Exported, except all Brandy for which the aforesaid Duties shall not be repaid.

And for the better Collecting of the Duties hereby Imposed upon all French Linnen, Callicoes, and other Linnen Imported from the East-Indies, during the time aforesaid, as also the several Duties hereby Imposed on all Foreign Wrought Silks

Silks Imported, during the time aforesaid, from the East Indies, or from France, or any other Place whatsoever.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said several Duties shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto your Majesty during the time aforesaid, in the same manner and form, and by such Rules, means and Ways, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are mentioned and expressed in One Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth year of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, Entituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage, and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported, and the Rules and Orders thereunto annexed, which said Act and every Article, Rule and Clause therein stand now revived by One Act of Parliament made in this present Parliament, Entituled, An Act for settling the Revenue on His Majesty for His Life which was settled on his late Majesty for his Life.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the several Rates and Duties of Excise upon Strong-Waters, Brandies and other Liquors above mentioned shall be raised, levied, collected and paid unto your Majesty, your heirs and Successors during the time before mentioned in the same manner and form, and

and by such Rules, means, and ways, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures as are mentioned, expressed and directed in one Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth year of the Reign of our late Gracious Sovereign King Charles the Second of Blessed Memory, Entituled, An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights-Service and Purveyance, and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in lieu thereof. And also in one other Act of Parliament made in the Fifteenth year of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Additional Act for the better Ordering and Collecting the Duty of Excise, and preventing the Abuses therein, or in either of them.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority of this present Parliament, That to the End His Majesty may not be Defrauded of the Duties hereby granted and imposed on Strong-Waters, Aqua Vitæ or Spirits, That if any Distiller or Baker of any Low-Wines, Spirits or Strong-Waters shall at any time hereafter hide, conceal or convey any Low-Wines, Spirits, Aqua Vitæ or Strong-Waters from the sight or view of the Gauger or Gaugers appointed to take an Account of the same, whereby His Majesty or His Commissioners shall or may be Defrauded of any the Duties hereby imposed, That every such Distiller or Baker of such Low-Wines, Spirits or

R Strong-

Strong-Waters for every Gallon of **Red-Wine, Spirits, Aqua-Vitæ** or **Strong-Waters** is his, Concealed or Conveyed as aforesaid, shall forfeit the sum of five shillings to be paid for, recovered and levied in such manner as any penalties for forfeitures are recoverable by lawable by the last mentioned Acts or any of them, the one moiety thereof to the use of His Majesty, His heirs or Successors, and the other moiety thereof to the Distresser, or to him or them that shall Inform or sue for the same.

And for preventing the frauds frequently used in Importing of Brandy in small Quantities whereby the same is more easily conveyed away without payment of the Duties thereof.

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the Twenty-ninth day of September next ensuing, no Brandyes single or double in this Act mentioned shall be Imported from parts beyond the Seas in any Vessel or Cask, which shall not contain fifty Gallons at the least upon pain of forfeiting of the said Brandy or the value thereof, to be Imported in small Vessels or Casks as aforesaid, whereof one half shall be to the Kings most Excellent Majesty, and the other half to such Person as shall and will Inform or sue for the same, to be Recovered of the Importer or Proprietor thereof by Plaint, Bill, Action of Debt

or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, wherein no Essoign, Wager of Law or Protection shall be allowed.

And be it further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every the Officer and Officers who shall be concerned in the Ledyng, Collecting, and Receiving the Duties Arising by this Act, do keep a separate and distinct Account thereof, and pay the same in Specie into the Receipt of his Majesties Exchequer Weekly, and upon Neglect and Refusal of the same, shall incur the Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages and Costs, as other the Officers of the Exchequer herein after mentioned shall be liable to, which Moneys so paid in, shall be applied to the Uses hereafter mentioned in this Act, and no otherwise.

And be it further Enacted and Ordained by the Authority aforesaid, That all and every Person and Persons who shall Lend any Moneys, not exceeding four hundred thousand pounds in the whole to our Majesty upon the Credit of this Act, and pay the same into the Receipt of the Exchequer, shall immediately have a Tally of Loan Struck for the same, and an Order for his Repayment, bearing the same Date with his Tally; in which Order shall be also contained, a Warrant for Payment of Interest

terest for forbearance, not exceeding the Rate of Eight pounds per Centum per Annum for his Consideration, to be paid every Three months, until the Payment of his Principal.

And that all Orders for Repayment of money Lent, shall be Registered in course according to the Date of the Tally respectively: And that all and every Person and Persons shall be paid in Course, according as their Orders shall stand Entered in the Register Book, be it Orders for Payment Directed by his Majesty, or of moneys Lent as aforesaid, so as that the Person Native or Foreigner, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns, who shall have his Warrant, or Order, Warrants or Orders first Entered in the said Book of Register, shall be taken and Accounted as the first Person to be paid, upon the moneys to come in by Virtue of this Act: And he, and he or they that shall have his or their Warrants or Orders, Warrant or Order next Entered, shall be Taken and Accounted to be the Second Person to be paid: And so successively and in Course.

And that the Moneys to come in by this Act, shall be in the same Order liable to the Satisfaction of the said Respective Parties, their Executors, Administrators or Assigns successively, without Preference of one before another, and not otherwise, and not be divertible to any other

other use, intent or purpose whatsoever.

And that no Fee, Reward or Gratuity directly or indirectly be demanded, or taken of any Your Majesties Subjects, for providing or making of any such Books, Registers, Entries, View or Search, in or for Payment of Money Lent, or the Interest thereof, as aforesaid, by any of Your Majesties Officer or Officers, their Clerks or Deputies on pain of payment of Treble Damages to the Party grieved, by the Party offending, with Costs of Suit; or if the Officer himself take or Demand any such Fee or Reward, then to lose his Place also.

And if any undue Preference of one before another shall be made either in point of Registry contrary to the true meaning of this Act, by any such Officer or Officers then the Party Offending shall be liable by Action of Debt, or on the Case, to pay the value of the Debt, Damages and Costs to the Party grieved, and shall be fore-judged from his Place or Office.

And if such Preference be unduly made by any his Deputy or Clerk, without Direction or Privy of his Master, then such Deputy or Clerk only shall be liable to such Action, Debt, Damages and Costs, and shall be fore-judged from his Office.

And in case the Auditor shall not direct the Order or the Clerk of the Pells Re-

cord, and the Teller make payment according to each persons due place, and order as afore directed: Then he or they shall be judged to forfeit, and their respective Deputies and Clerks herein offending to be liable to such Amone, Debt, Damages and Costs in such manner as afore said: all which said Penalties, Forfeitures, Damages and Costs to be incurred by any of the Officers of the Exchequer, or any their Deputies or Clerks shall and may be Recovered by Action of Debt, Bill, Plaint or Information in any of his Majesties Courts of Record at Westminster, Wherunto none Coign, Protection, Priviledge, Wager of Law, Injunction or Order of Restraint shall be in any wise granted or allowed.

And it is hereby Declared, that if it happen that several Tallies of Loan or Orders for Payments directed by your Majesty as afore said bear date, or be brought the same day to the Auditors of the Receipt to be Registered, then it shall be interpreted no undue Preference which of those he enters first, so he enters them all the same day.

And it is also that it shall not be interpreted any undue Preference to merit any Penality in point of payment if the Auditors and the Clerks of the Receipt, and the Teller do pay subsequent Orders of persons that come and demand their Money, and pay their Order in their due time, and so forth.

Course, so as there be so much Money reserved as will satisfie their Orders which shall not be otherwise disposed, but kept for them, Interest for Loan being to Cease from the time the Money is so Reserved and kept in Bank for them.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Person or Persons to Whom any Money shall be due by virtue of this Act, after Warrant or Order Entered in the Book of Register aforesaid, for Payment thereof, his Executors, Administrators or Assigns, by Indorsement of his Order or Warrant, may Assign and Transfer his Right, Title, Interest and Benefit of such Warrant or Order, or any part thereof to any other, which being notified in the Office of the Auditor of the Receipt aforesaid, and an Entry and Memorial thereof also made in the Book of Registry aforesaid, for Warrants (which the Officers shall upon request, without Fee or Charge, accordingly make) shall Enitle such Assignee, his Executors, Administrators and Assigns to the benefit thereof, and Payment thereon, and such Assignee may in like manner Assign again, and so toles quotic; and afterwards it shall not be in the power of such Person or Persons who have made such Assignments to make Void, Release or Discharge the same, or any the Monies thereby due, or any part thereof.

And whereas by a Clause in an Act made

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

REGIS

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the
Nineteenth Day of May, *Anno Dom. 1685.*
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the
Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France,*
and *Ireland* King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,


Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill* deceas'd : And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
To the KINGS most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.

and not as a Defendant of the Title, or
Grant of God, or Father, Son and Spirit,
Glorious Government, I AM, YES, by the
in Authority of the State of Connecticut
March 1784, at New Haven, where I was born



Printed by the Albany Job Office, Albany, N.Y.

Jacobi II. Regis.


 hereas by a certain
 Act made in the
 Twenty ninth and
 Thirtieth year of the
 Reign of his late Ma-
 jesty of ever Blessed
 memory, Intituled,
 An Act for the raising
 Money by a Poll and o-
 therwise to Enable His Majesty to enter into an
 Actual War against the French King, and for
 Prohibiting French Commodities, it is amongst
 other things Provided and Enacted, That
 from and after the Twentieth of March,
 One thousand six hundred seventy seven,
 no French Wine, Vineger, Brandy, Lin-
 nen,

nen, Cloth, Silks, Salt, Paper or any Manufactures made of or mixed with Silk Thread, Wool, hair, Gold or Silver, or Leather being of the Growth, Product and Manufacture of any of the Dominions or Territories of the French King, should during the term of three years, to be accounted from the Twentieth day of March, or before the end of the first Session of Parliament after the expiration of the said three years, be brought in or imported into any Port or Place within his Majesties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, or Isles of Jersey, Guernsey, Alderney, Sark or Isle of Man, from any Place or Port whatsoever, mixt or unmixt with any Commodity of the Growth or Product of any other Nation, Place, or Country whatsoever under certain Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures to be adjudged, recovered and executed as by the said Act appeareth :

Now for the Repealing the said Clause of Prohibition, and all the Pains, Penalties and Forfeitures thereupon depending, Be it Enacted by the Kings, most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by Authority of the same, That from henceforward the said Clause of Prohibition and every part thereof, and every matter

matter and thing therein contained, and
all other Clauses in the said Act menti-
oned, whereby any Pains, Penalties or
Forfeitures are imposed for or by reason
of the Importation or bringing in of any
French Commodities contrary to the said
Prohibition, all, and every of them is
hereby repealed, annulled, and made void
as if the same had never been made.

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Anno



Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Reviving and Continuing
Two former Acts for Encouragement
of Coynage.



Whereas great Benefit
and Advantage hath
accrued to this King-
dom by one Act of
Parliament Passed
in the Eighteenth
year of the Reign of
his late Majesty
King Charles the Se-
cond of Blessed Memory, Entituled, An
Act for Encouragement of Coynage, and Con-
tinued by another Act of Parliament
Passed in the Five and twentieth year of
the Reign of the said late King; both
which said Acts are since Determined and
Expired, so that unless the said Acts be
Revived and Continued, the Encourage-
ment

ment giben thereby will cease, and this Kingdom be deprived for the future of so great a good as it hath thereby for these years last past enjoyed.

We therefore Your Majesties Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, do Give and Grant unto Your Majesty, the Rates, Duties, and Impositions mentioned in the said Act of Parliament made in the Eighth year of the Reigh of his late Majesty King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for Encouragement of Coynage: And do humbly pray that it may be Enacted: And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Acts of Parliament, and every the Clauses, Articles and Sentences therein contained, shall be, and are by Virtue of this Act Revived and Continued, and shall be in force for the space of Seven years, to Commence from the Fifth day of August, One thousand six hundred Eighty five, and until the end of the first Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer.

And it is further enacted, That the said Acts of Parliament, and every the Clauses, Articles and Sentences therein contained, shall be, and are by Virtue of this Act Revived and Continued, and shall be in force for the space of Seven years, to Commence from the Fifth day of August, One thousand six hundred Eighty five, and until the end of the first Session of Parliament then next following, and no longer.

Anno Regni JACOBII II.

REGIS

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ;
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the Nineteenth Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1685. in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most Gracious Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the Grace of God, of *England*, *Scotland*, *France*, and *Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill*, Deceas'd: And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1685.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

R. E. G. I. S.
 JACOBI II.

At the Parliament begun at Westminster the Nine-
 teenth Day of May, Anno Domini 1685, in the
 first Year of the Reign of Our Most Gracious
 King JAMES II. by the Grace of
 God, of Great Britain, Scotland, France, and Ireland,
 King, Doctor of the Laws, &c.



LONDON:
 Printed by the Assignees of John Bill Deceased: And
 by Henry W. and Thomas Newman, Printers
 to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1688.

Anna Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act against the Importation of Gunpowder, Arms, and other Ammunition, and Utensils of War.



Whereas, to the great Prejudice of this Kingdom, and the Discouragement and Impoverishment of the Gunsmiths and others, Artificers, great quantities of Arms and Ammunition have of late years been Imported to the endangering the Peace and Quiet of this Kingdom,

For Remedy Whereof, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That it shall not at any time from and after the Tenth day of July, One

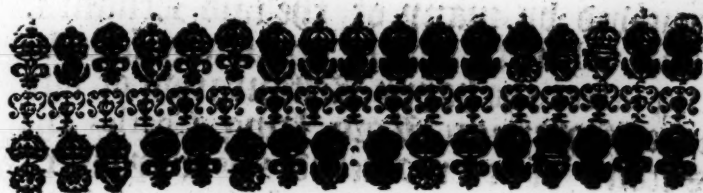
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thousand

thousand six hundred eighty and five, be
lawful to or for any person or persons
whatsoever, without Licence from His
Majesty, his heirs and Successors, to
Import or bring into this Kingdom of
England, Dominion of Wales, or Town of
Berwick upon Tweed, by Way of Merchand-
ize, any Gun-powder, Armes, Ammu-
nition, or Utensils of War, upon Pain
and Forfeiture of all and every such
Goods so Imported as aforesaid, to His
Majesty, his heirs and Successors, and
the person or persons who shall so Im-
port or bring in the same, or in whose Cu-
stody any such Gun-powder, Armes, Am-
munition, or Utensils of War shall be
found, being thereof lawfully Convic-
ed, shall forfeit Treble the Value of the
Goods so Imported, One Moiety there-
of unto His Majesty, his heirs and
Successors, and the other Moiety thereof
to such person or persons who will sue
for the same, by Action of Debt, Bill,
Plaint, or Information in any of His
Majesties Courts of Record at Westmin-
ster, whereunto no Challenge, Protection, or
Wager of Law shall be allowed.

Provided always, That if any person
or persons whatsoever, Bodies Politick or
Corporate, shall by colour of this Act, or
other wise, obtain from His Majesty, his
heirs or Successors, any Letters Pa-
tents, Licence or Grant for the sole Ma-
king or Importing any Gun-powder,
Armes,

Arms, Ammunition, or other Utensils of War, and shall put the same in execution, or by colour thereof molest or hinder any person or persons who lawfully make any the things before mentioned, in this Kingdom, or shall obtain any Letters Patents, Licence, or Grant for the Importing of Gun-Powder, Arms, Ammunition, or other Utensils of War, by way of Merchandize, to make profit thereof, other then for the immediate furnishing of the Publick Stores of his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors; That then the person and persons so offending shall incur and sustain the Pains Penalties and Forfeitures Contained and Provided in the Statute of Prohibition and Praemunire made in the Sixteenth year of the Reign of King Richard the Second, and be disabled to hold any Office or Imployment under his Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, And all and every such Letters, Licence, Patent and Grant, and every of them for the sole making and Importing the said Commodities, shall be void to all intents and purposes, as if the same had never been had or made; Any Clause of Non obstante, or other Prohibition or Covenant to the contrary thereof in any wise notwithstanding.



Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act to Enable His Majesty to make Grants, Leases and Copies of Offices, Lands and Hereditaments, parcel of His Highnesses Dutchy of *Cornwall*, or annexed to the same, and for Confirmation of Leases and Grants already made.



Whereas many of the Lands belonging to the Dutchy of Cornwall have been granted by Lease to the Tenants, some for the term of one, two or three Lives, and some for divers years determinable upon one, two or three Lives, and others for Thirty one years or under, Whose Leases are desired to be renewed

renewed by many of the said Tenants. And whereas several years next following after the happy Restauration of our late Sovereign Lord King Charles the Second of ever Blessed Memory divers increased Rents were reserved, as well upon the said Leased Lands as upon many Copyhold Estates of the said Dutchy, for the improvement of that Revenue whereof the Tenants made Complaint to his said late Majesty, who was Graciously pleased that they might Compound with his Officers for the Discharge of the said increased Rents, and be relieved to the old Rents formerly paid for their respective Tenements and Lands.

Now, to the end the same may be accordingly Effected, and the said Tenants may be encouraged to Renew their Leases and Estates, and thereby the better enabled to Repair their Houses, and provide for their Families, and to improve their Lands holden of the said Dutchy.

Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled and by the Authority of the same, That all Orders made in the time of his said late Majesty, or to be made by Copy of Court Roll according to the Custom of the respective Manour or Manours of the said Dutchy, or thereunto annexed

annered or belonging, and all Leases, and Grants, so made by his said late Majesty, or made, or to be made within Seven years next ensuing, by Letters Patents or Indentures under the Great Seal of England, or Seal of the Court of Exchequer, or by Copy of Court Roll, according to the Customs of the respective Manours of any Offices, Messuages, Parks, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments (other then Honours, Lordships, or Manours) parcel of the Possessions of the said Duchy of Cornwall, or annexed to the same, shall be good and effectual in Law, according to the Purport and Contents of the same Copies, Leases, and Grants against our said Sovereign Lord the King, his Heirs and Successors, and against all and every other person and persons that shall at any time hereafter have, inherit, or enjoy the said Duchy, by force of any Act of Parliament, or by any other Limitation whatsoever.

Provided always, That every such Lease or Grant so made, or to be made, be not made for more then One, Two, or Three Lives, or for Thirty one Years or under, or for some Term of years determinable upon One, Two, or Three Lives, and not above. And if such Leases or Grants be made in Reversion or Expectancy, that then the same, together with the Estates in possession, do not exceed Three Lives, or the Term of Thirty one Years,

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and

and not in anywise dispunishable of Waste, and so as upon every such Lease shall be reserved the ancient or most usual Rent or more, or such Rent as hath been reserved, yielded, or paid for the same Lands, for the greater part of Twenty Years next before the Year of our Lord One thousand six hundred and fifty, and shall be reserved due, or payable to him or her that shall have the Inheritance or other Estate of the said Duchy. And where no such Rent hath been reserved or payable, That then upon every such Lease there shall be reserved a reasonable Rent, not being under the twentieth part of the clear yearly value of the Messuages, Parks, Lands, Tenements or hereditaments, contained in such Lease, and all Leases and Grants otherwise made or to be made shall be null and void.

And be it further Ordained and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all Covenants, Conditions, Reservations, and other Agreements contained in every Lease, Grant or Copy of Court Roll, made or to be made as aforesaid, shall be good and effectual in Law, according to the Words and Contents of the same, as well for and against them to Whom the Reversion of the same Lands, Tenements, or hereditaments shall come, as for and against them to Whom the Interest of the said Leases, Grants, or Copies shall come respectively, as if Our Sovereign

reign Lord the Kings Majesty at the time of the making of such Covenants, Conditions and Reservations, and other Agreements, were Seized of an absolute Estate in Fee-simple, in the same Lands, Tenements or Hereditaments; Saving always to all and every Person and Persons, Bodies Politick and Corporate, their Heirs and Successors, Executors, Administrators and Assigns, other then to Our said Sovereign Lord the King and his Heirs, and the Duke and Dukes of Cornwall for the time being, and his and their Heirs, and all and every person and persons that shall hereafter have, Inherit or Enjoy the said Dukedom of Cornwall by force of any Act of Parliament, or other Limitation whatsoever, All such Rights, Titles, Estates, Customs, Interests, Tenures, Claims and Demands whatsoever, of what nature, kind or quality soever, of, in, to or out of the said Offices, Lands, Tenements, or Hereditaments, or any of them, as they or any of them had, or ought to have had before the making of this Act, to all intents and purposes, and in as large and ample manner and form as if this Act had never been had or made; This Act, or any thing herein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That in case any of the Leasehold, or Copyhold Tenants of the said Dutchy shall at any time within Seven years next ensuing, Compound or
Agree

Agreë With the Lord High-Treasurer of England, or the Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being, or With any such Person or Persons as the Lord High Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being shall Authorize, Nominate and Appoint for the taking off, and Discharging of any Increased Rent reserved as aforesaid, according to such Rules and Directions as in that behalf shall be given in Writing under the Hands of the said Lord-Treasurer, or Commissioners of the Treasury for the time being: Then upon such Composition so made, and the Money thereby arising duly paid to the Receiver-General of the said Dutchy, according to the Tenor and Contents of such Composition and Agreement, and accordingly Enrolled before the Auditor of the Premises, from thenceforth such Increased Rents shall cease and become void, and the Old Rent onely, or such other Rent as in pursuance of this Act shall be Directed, in or by such Composition or Agreement shall be Charged upon all and every such Tenements, Lands, and other Hereditaments, for which such Composition, Agreement, Payment and Enrolment shall be so made, and none other; Any Reservation, Condition, or other Matter whatsoever to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

REGIS

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the
Nineteenth Day of May, *Anno Dom. 1685.*
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the
Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France,*
and *Ireland* King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



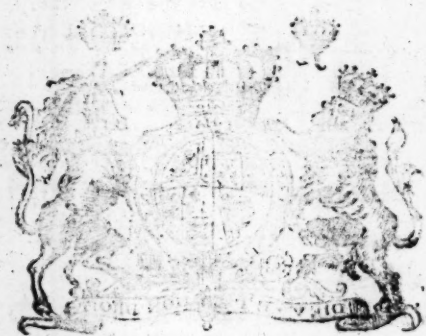
LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill* deceas'd : And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
To the *KINGS* most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

1685
August 2nd, Friday, 2nd of August.
Primo.

At the Parliament begun at Westminster the
Ninth Day of May, Anno Domini 1685.
in the Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the
Grace of God, of England, Scotland, France,
and Ireland, Defender of the Faith, etc.



By His Majesty's Command, Printed
at the Stationers' Hall in London.
1685.

Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for the Providing necessary Carriages for His Majesty in His Royal Progress and Removals.



Whereas by an Act made in Parliament the Twelfth year of his late Majesty's Reign, Entituled, An Act for taking away the Court of Wards and Liveries, and Tenures in Capite, and by Knights-Service and Purveyance, and for settling a Revenue upon His Majesty in lieu thereof; it was (amongst other things) Enacted for the Reasons and Recompences therein exprest, That from thenceforth no Person or Persons by any Warrant, Commission or Authority under the Great Seal or otherwise, by colour of Buying or making Provision or Purveyance for his Majesty or any Queen of England for the time being, or of any of the Children of any King or Queen of

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England

England that shall be, or for his, their, or any of their household shall take any Cart, Carriage or other thing whatsoever of any of the Subjects of his Majesty, his heirs or Successors without the free and full Consent of the Owner or Owners thereof had and obtained, without compulsion or enforcement; nor shall summon, warn, take, use or require any the said Subjects to furnish or find any horse, Oxen, or other Cartel, Carts, Ploughs, Wains or other Carriages for the use of his Majesty, his heirs or Successors, or of any Queen of England, or of any Child or Children of any of the Kings or Queens of England for the time being, for the carrying the Goods of his Majesty, his heirs or Successors, or the said Queens or Children of any of them without such full and free Consent as aforesaid, any Law, Statute, Custom or Usage to the contrary notwithstanding.

Which Act may prove very prejudicial and inconvenient to the Kings Majesty in his Royal Progress upon his necessary Occasions to several parts of this Realm, in case any Person or Persons shall obstinately refuse voluntarily to provide sufficient Carriages for Royal Service at ordinary and usual Rates for such Carriages as are paid by others of his Subjects in such places contrary to the true intent and meaning of the said Act.

Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings
most Excellent Majesty, His and with
the Advice and Consent of the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal and Commons
in this present Parliament Assembled,
and by the Authority of the same, That
the Clerk or Chief Officer of His Ma-
jesties Carriages shall three days at least
before His Majesties Departure by Warrent
from the Green Cloth give notice in writ-
ing to two or more of His Majesties Ju-
stices of the Peace next adjoining to pro-
vide such a number of Carts and Car-
riages from the places next adjacent as
His Majesty shall have present use of, ex-
pressing the certainty of that number, as
also the time and place when and where
the said Carts and Carriages are to at-
tend; Which Carriages shall consist of
four able horses, or six Oxen, or four Oxen
and two horses for each of which Cart or
Carriage, the respective Owners shall
receive Six pence for each mile they shall
go laden; And, That in case any of His
Majesties Subjects of this Realm shall
refuse to provide and furnish His Majesty
that now is, or His Queen that is or shall
be, or His or her household, or her Maje-
sty Catherine Queen Dowager or her
household in their progress or Removals,
with such sufficient and necessary Carri-
ages for their Wardrobe and other Ne-
cessaries for ready Honeys tendered to
them, or shall without just and reasonable
cause

cause refuse to make their Appearance
 with such sufficient Cotts and Carriages
 as are before express. That then upon due
 proof and Conviction of such neglect and
 refusal by the Oath of the Constable or
 other Officer, or two other Credible Wit-
 nesses before the said Justices of the Peace
 of the County, or Mayor or other Chief
 Officer of the City or Corporation where
 he or they inhabit, (which Oath they shall
 have power to administer) the Party so
 refusing shall for such his refusal and
 neglect forfeit the sum of Forty Shillings
 to the Kings Majesties use; to be forth-
 with levied by distress and sale of his
 Goods and Chattels (rendering to the
 Parties the overplus upon every such sale
 if there shall be any) by Warrant from
 the said Justices of the Peace, Mayor or
 other Officer, and so collect the same
 provided always; That no Horses,
 Oxen, Cart or Wain shall be enforced to
 travel above one days Journey from the
 place where they receive their Lading, and
 that ready payment shall be made in hand
 for the said Carriages at the place of La-
 ding without delay according to the afore-
 said Rates; And in case any Justice of
 the Peace, Mayor, Officer or Constable
 shall take any Gift or Reward to spare
 any Person or Persons from making such
 Carriage, or shall injuriously charge or
 grieve any Person through envy, hatred
 or evil-will who ought not to make such
 Carri-

Carriage, or shall impress more Carriages, then he shall be directed from the Green-Cloth to do. That then upon due proof and Conviction thereof the Party so offending shall forfeit the Sum of Ten pounds to the Party thereby grieved, or any other who shall sue for the same, to be recovered by Action of Debt in any of his Majesties Courts of Records, wherein no Essoign, Protection or Wager of Law shall be allowed. And in case any Person, or Persons shall presume to take upon him or them to impress any Horses, Wren, Cart, Wain or Carriages for his Majesties Service other then the Person so impowered, then he or they so offending shall upon due Conviction of the said Offence, incur and suffer the Punishment contained in the first Recited Act.

And whereas of late in his Majesties progresse excessive Rates and Prices have been exacted from his Majesties Servants for Lodging, Horse-meat, Stable-room and other Accommodations.

Be it therefore Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That none of his Majesties said Servants shall be compelled to pay above Six pence by the night for every Bed they themselves, nor above Three pence by the night for every Bed that they shall use for their Servants; And that in all such Houses where any of his Majesties said Servants shall pay for their Diet, or for Hay and Provender for their Horses,

Horses, convenient Lodging shall be provided for themselves and their Servants, without paying any thing for the same.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That any Two or more of the Justices of the Peace near adjoining to the Road through which his Majesty is to pass, shall immediately after Notice in Writing from the said Green-Cloth and Avenor under their Hands and Seals, Set down and appoint such reasonable Rates and Prices to be paid during his Majesties Abode there, both for Hay and Oats, and other accommodations for Horses, as they in their discretion shall think meet, which Rates one day at the least before his Majesties coming to such Place, the said Justices shall cause to be proclaimed in the Market-Town next to such Place, and in such of the Neighbouring Towns and Villages as to them shall seem meet, to the end that Notice may be taken of such Rates and Prices; And if any person shall take any other sum then what is or shall be so limited, either for Lodging, Horse-meat, Stable-room, or other such Accommodations, and be thereof Convicted by Confession of the party, or by the Oath of one credible witness before any One Justice of the Peace, (which Oath the said Justice of the Peace is hereby authorized to administer) that then in such Case, every person so offending shall forfeit and pay to the party grieved

grieved the Sum of Forty shillings, the same to be Levied by Distress by Warrant from the said Justice of Peace, and sale thereof, returning the Overplus to the party (the Charge of the Distraining being first deducted.) This Act to have continuance till the end of the first Session of the next Parliament and no longer.

Provided always, That where any Cart or number of Carts shall be so Summoned to Attend at the place directed for taking in their Loading or Carriage, and shall not be employed, in every such Case or Cases the said Cart-taker or Officer shall pay to the Owner or Servant of every such Cart with four horses or more, which shall so appear and not be employed, the Sum of five shillings for every Cart so employed; And in case any Officer or Cart-taker shall neglect or refuse to pay the same, upon proof thereof made to the Board of Green-Cloth, he shall forfeit the Sum of forty shillings to the party aggrieved for every such neglect.

And be it further Enacted, That the High-Constables or Constables, the Bay- or, Bayliff or other chief Officer who shall be required by this Act to warn in the said Carts and Carriages, as in the said Act directed, do make a return in Writing to the Clerk or other Officer of the Carriages, of the names and places of Abode

of every such person who is so warned to
bring in his Cart or Carriage to the in-
fant it may be known (in case of any fail-
ure) who is in default; and the said
Constables and other chief Officer or Of-
ficers appointed by this Act to wait in
the said Carriages, as aforesaid, may be
discharged and indemnified, and the De-
faulters punished, as in this Act is pro-
vided.

Anno



Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Reviving *An Act for Providing of Carriages by Land and by Water, for the Use of His Majesties Navy and Ordnance.*



Whereas An Act of Parliament was made and passed in the Thirteenth and fourteenth years of the Reign of his late Majesty of Blessed Memory, Entituled, An Act for Providing Carriages by Land and by Water for the Use of His Majesties Navy and Ordnance. Which said Act is since Expired.

And whereas the said Act hath been by Experience found to be of necessary Use, and fit to be Revived and Continued,
Be

Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and of the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act, and all and every the Clauses, Sentences and Articles therein contained, shall by Vertue of this Act be Revived and Continued, and have the full Force, Power and Vertue of a Law, during the continuance of this Act.

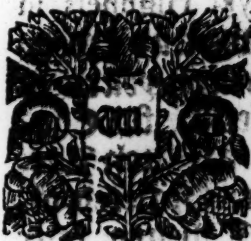
And be it further Enacted and Declared by the Authority aforesaid, That this Act shall continue and be in Force during the space of Seven years, from the Four and twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred eighty and five, and from thence to the end of the first Session of Parliament then next ensuing, and no longer.

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Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Consolidating the Estates
 Tail and Reversion in Fee, which His
 Majesty hath in the Post-Office, and
 Twenty four thousand pounds, *per An-*
num of the Hereditary Excise.



Whereas by one Act of Par-
 liament made in the fif-
 teenth year of the reign
 of his late Majesty King
 Charles the Second of our
 blessed Memory, all the
 yearly Rents, Sums of
 Sums of Money, Revenues, Issues and
 Profits whatsoever that should grow due,
 accrue or be payable unto his late Ma-
 jesty, his heirs and Successors for or by
 reason of the General Letter-Office, or
 Post-Office, or Office of Post-Master-Ge-
 neral were Vested and Settled in his
 Majesty that now is, by the Name of
 James Duke of York, and the heirs Males

of.

of his Body begotten, or to be begotten, with such Powers as in and by the said Act are provided for.

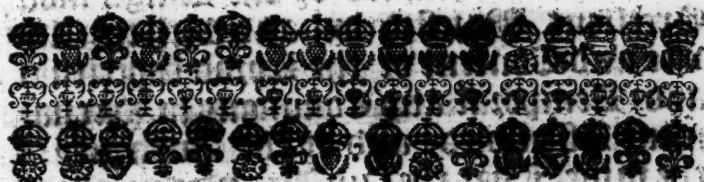
And whereas also in pursuance of an Agreement made by his Majesty, then Duke of York, with his late Majesty, his Dearest Beloved Brother, for accepting of the Yearly Rent or Sum of Twenty four thousand pounds to be Issuing out of the hereditary Excise of Beer, Ale, and other Liquors, in Compensation and full Satisfaction of the Revenue arising by Wine-Licences, and of One Act of Parliament Entituled, An Act for Revesting the Power of Granting Wine-Licences in His Majesty His Heirs and Successors, and for Settling a Recompence on His Royal Highness in lieu thereof, made in the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth years of the Reign of his late Majesty, for Confirming and Ratifying of all such Letters Patents as should be Granted of, and for the said Sum of Twenty four thousand pounds, his said late Majesty by his Letters Patents under the Great Seal of England, bearing Date the Eighteenth day of January, in the two and thirtieth year of his Reign, did Give and Grant unto his Majesty, by the Name of James Duke of York, and the Heirs Males of his Body begotten, and to be begotten, the Yearly Rent or Sum of Twenty four thousand pounds to be Issuing out of the Excise of Beer, Ale, and
other

other Liquors within the severall Counties and Shires of Bucks, Essex, Kent, Norfolk, Suffolk, Berks, Bedfordshire and Sommersetshire, with such Powers as in the said Letters Patents are Granted.

And whereas by the Demise of his late Majesty the Rebellion Fee Simple and Inheritance as well of the said Revenues, Issues and Profits of the General Letter Office or Post Office as of the said Rent or Sum of Twenty four thousand pounds issuing out of the Excise of Beer, Ale and other Liquors are come and vested to, and in the Kings Majesty, his Heirs and Successors in right of the Crown of England: And his Majesty being Graciously pleased to obviate all Doubts and Scruples which may at any time hereafter be moved or stirred for or concerning the due Execution of any Powers given to his Majesty by the name of James Duke of York in and by the said Acts of Parliament and Letters Patents for settling a Joynture upon his Royal Consort, or in Relation to any further Provision which his Majesty shall please to make out of the said Revenues for the better and more honourable Support of the Royal State and Dignity of his Dearest Consort Maria now Queen of England.

Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal,

Temporal, and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the King, His Majesty, his Heirs and Successors, shall from henceforth be and stand seized of and in all and singular the Revenues, Issues, and Profits of the said General Post Office or Post Office, and of and in the said yearly Rent or Sum of Twenty four thousand pounds, issuing out of the hereditary Excise of one Tunnage and Intreadable Tonnage in the Staple, The said Act of Parliament, and Letters Patentes for Creating of Chates Tail in his Majesty notwithstanding, ~~in witness whereof~~ ~~has caused his Letters~~ ~~under the Great Seal of Great Brittain~~ ~~to be~~ ~~underwritten~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~presence~~ ~~of~~ ~~his~~ ~~right~~ ~~Honorable~~ ~~Privy~~ ~~Council~~ ~~in~~ ~~Parliament~~ ~~assembled~~ ~~at~~ ~~Westminster~~ ~~the~~ ~~fourth~~ ~~day~~ ~~of~~ ~~the~~ ~~month~~ ~~of~~ ~~April~~ ~~in~~ ~~the~~ ~~second~~ ~~year~~ ~~of~~ ~~his~~ ~~Majesty~~ ~~his~~ ~~said~~ 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Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for reviving a former Act for
Exporting of Leather.



Whereas it hath been
found by Experience
that one Act passed in
the Twentieth year
of His late Majesties
Reign King Charles
the Second, Entitul-
ed, An Act for giving
Liberty to Buy and Ex-
port Leather and Skins Tanned and Dressed,
hath been very beneficial to this Kingdom
and is expired :

We therefore Your Majesties most Loy-
al and Obedient Subjects, the Lords
Spiritual and Temporal and Commons
in Parliament Assembled, do humbly
pray that it may be Enacted.

A a

And

And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Act and every part thereof shall be, and are hereby revived and continued in full force and vertue to all intents and purposes, from the Twenty fourth day of June in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred eighty and five, and shall so continue for the space of three years, and from thence to the end of the first Session of Parliament then next ensuing, and no longer.

Anno

Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Continuance of Three former Acts for Preventing of Theft and Rapine upon the Northern Borders of *England*.



Whereas an Act was made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth years of the Reign of Our late Sovereign Lord King Charles the Second, Intituled, An Act for Preventing of Theft and Rapine upon the Northern Borders of *England*; And Whereas also another Act was made in the Eighteenth year of the Reign of the said King, Intituled, An Act to continue a former Act to Prevent Theft and Rapine upon the Northern Borders of *England*, Both which Acts were Continued by another Act made in the Twenty ninth and Thirtieth years of the Reign of the said late King, Intituled, An Act for
Conti-

Continuance of Two former Acts for Preventing of Theft and Rapine upon the Northern Borders of *England*, for and during the space and time of **Seven years**, and also from thence until the end of the first Session of this present Parliament, which **It was** hath been found very necessary for the Preservation of those Places from that great Number of lewd, disorderly, and lawless Persons, that usually infested and frequented in those Parts.

Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings
most Excellent Majesty, by and with the
Advice and Consent of the Lords Spi-
ritual and Temporal, and Commons in this
present Parliament Assembled, and by
Authority of the same, That the said
three former Acts, made in and by
Henry and Elizabeth Water, Clause and
Clauses therein contained, and all and
every the Provisions and Contents there-
by given shall be continued and remain in
full force from henceforth, for and du-
ring the space and Term of Eleven years:
And also from thence unto the end of the
first Sessions of the next Parliament.

Anno Regni J A C O B I II.

R E G I S

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the Nine-
teenth Day of *May*, *Anno Dom.* 1685. in the
First Year of the Reign of Our Most Gracious
Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the Grace of
God, of *England, Scotland, France, and Ireland*,
King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



L O N D O N,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill*, Deceas'd: And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1685.

THE JOURNAL

OF THE

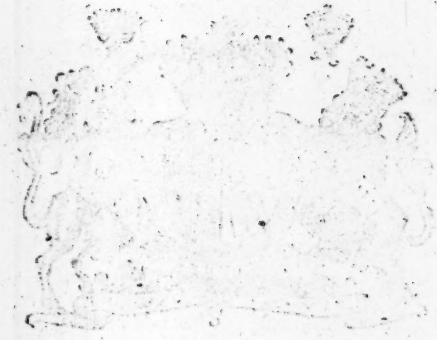
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Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Rebuilding, Finishing and
Adorning of the Cathedral Church
of *St. Pauls, London.*



Whereas by a late Act of
Parliament a small
part of the Imposi-
tion upon Coals im-
ported in or near the
City of London was
given towards the
Rebuilding the Ca-
thedral Church of
St. Pauls wholly ruined by the dreadful
Fire of London, which (and all other
Supplies) carefully expended, have made
some considerable advance in the said
Work, but so far short of finishing a Fa-
brik of so large dimensions, That With-
out further encouragement by a Supply
from the Publick, the said Work in a
little time must be left imperfect and use-
less, and consequently all the said former
Expence totally lost, to the dishonour of

our Establishd Religion, and to the reproach of the said City: And whereas by the said late Act the Lord Arch-Bishop of Canterbury, the Lord Bishop of London, and the Lord Mayor of London for the time being or any two of them were empowered to imploy and dispose part of the said Imposition upon Coals towards the building the said Cathedral of St. Pauls; Therefore for Enabling the said Lord Arch-Bishop and Lord Bishop of London, and the Lord Mayor of London for the time being or any two of them to finish so great and pious a Work, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for all sorts of Coals which from and after the Twenty ninth day of September One thousand six hundred eighty seven, and before the Twenty ninth day of September One thousand seven hundred shall be imported or brought into the Port of the said City of London or the River of Thames within the Liberty of the said City upon the same River, there shall be paid by way of Imposition thereupon over and besides all other Impositions and Duttes according to the Rates hereafter mentioned, that is to say, for all such sorts of Coals or Culm as are usually sold by the Chaldron, for every Chaldron thereof

thereof containing thirty six Bushels
Winchester measure the sum of Eighteen
pence; and for such sorts of Coals as are
sold by the Tun, for every Tun thereof
containing twenty hundred weight the
like sum of Eighteen pence; which said
Imposition of Eighteen pence for every
Chaldron or Tun of Coals shall from
time to time during the term aforesaid be
answered and paid unto the said Lord
Arch-Bishop of Canterbury, Lord Bishop
of London, and Lord Mayor of London for
the time being or any two of them, or
to their Deputy or Deputies, Officer or
Assigns thereunto appointed and consti-
tuted under their hands and Seals, or
the hands and Seals of two of them, by
every Master, Owner or Owners or other
Person or Persons taking charge of any
Ship or Vessel whereupon such Coals shall
be Laden, before they shall break bulk or
deliver out any Coals; or have a Meeter
assigned for the measuring or weighing of
any Coals aforesaid to be delivered from
on board any such Ship or Vessel; the
said Imposition to be paid at such place
or places as by the said Lord Arch-Bishop,
Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor or any
two of them shall from time to time be
appointed for the Receipt thereof; where-
upon the Party appointed to receive the
same shall without delay, send Backward
deliver a Receipt to the Person or Persons
who shall pay the said Imposition or
Duty,

Duty, which Receipt shall for so much be a sufficient Discharge.

And to the end that the said Imposition may be duly assessed and paid without fraud or Collusion, and for the better Keeping and Collecting thereof, and for discovery of the just quantities of all sorts of Coals to be Imported as aforesaid, It is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the Coal-Masters for the City of London appointed or to be appointed, and every of them and their respective Deputies in their turn and course of Attendance respectively so soon as any Ship or Vessel freight with Coals shall be unladen, shall forthwith deliver a true Certificate in Writing unto the Deputy or Deputies, Officers or Assigns of the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them (who shall be appointed to receive the said Imposition) of the sorts, quantities or number of Chaldrons or Tuns of Coals respectively, which shall be measured or weighed and delivered from on board any Ship or Vessel, on pain for his or their default therein to be suspended from the Execution and Benefit of his or their Office or Employment for one whole year from thence next following, and to forfeit the sum of Ten pounds; And in case it shall appear by such Certificate or otherwise, that there was on board any such Ship or Vessel a greater number of Chal-

Chaldrons or Tuns of Coals then for which the said Imposition shall have been answered and paid as aforesaid, That then in such case there shall be paid to the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them, for every Chaldron or Tun of Coals so concealed over and above the Imposition aforesaid, the further Imposition of Sum of Five Shillings, for all which Impositions (in case of refusal to pay the same) such Ship or Vessel, or any the Tackle, Furniture or Apparel thereof may be attached and detained by Warrant from the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them until payment thereof.

Provided nevertheless, That if the Importer upon such Certificate delivered in by the Coal-Meeter, shall within four and twenty hours give in his Post-Entry, and satisfy and pay the whole Duty for the Surplusage of Coals appearing upon the unlading of such Ship or Vessel, that then upon such payment the Penalty aforesaid shall be discharged.

Be it further Enacted, That it shall be Lawful for the said Lord Arch-Bishop Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them, by Warrant under their hands, to appoint an Officer or Officers to go on board all Ships and Vessels laden with Coals, and

to inspect the Coal Meeters and their Deputies in their Work, Score and full clearing and liberating every such Ship and Vessel, and to Certifie as directed by the said Warrant.

And be it further Enacted, That all and every such Sum and Sums of Money which shall be raised upon the Receipt of the Imposition of Eighteen pence for every Chaldron or Tun of Coals, or by such Additional Imposition or Duty in case of Concealment as aforesaid, shall in the first place be applied and disposed unto the Rebuilding, finishing and Adorning the said Cathedral of St. Pauls.

And to the end the Moneys to be raised upon the Imposition aforesaid may be duely applied to the uses for which the same is by this Act appointed, Be it further Enacted, That there shall from time to time be provided and kept by the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor, or two of them, or by their Deputy or Deputies, Officer or Assigns appointed as aforesaid, one or more Book or Books of vellum or parchment in which all Moneys thereupon to be received shall from time to time be Entred and set down; and also other like Book or Books wherein the Accompts of all Payments and Disbursements out of the same shall be likewise Entred, expressing the time when, the occasion for which, and the Name of the Person or Persons to whom the

the same were so paid or disbursed, and that it shall and may be Lawful to and for all and every Person or Persons that shall or may be in any wise concerned so to do, to have free access unto, and view the said respective Books of Receipts and Disbursements at all times when the Office is open, without any Fee or Reward to be taken or demanded for view or inspection thereof. And that the Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them, before the end of Michaelmas Term in every year after the year One thousand six hundred eighty seven, shall transmit and deliver into the Receipt of Exchequer a true Abstract of the aforesaid Books of Accompts containing the Receipts and Disbursements of all Moneys which shall be raised and paid by or out of the said Imposition upon Coals in the year preceding, and ending upon the Four and twentieth day of June next before, there to be received gratis by the proper Officer, and kept amongst the Records of the said Court. Where it shall be Lawful for any Person or Persons who shall be in any wise concerned so to do, to have access therunto, and to view and peruse the said Book of Accompts without any Fee or Reward to be taken or received for the same.

And

And be it further Enacted, That all and every Sum and Sums of Money which shall be raised or paid by vertue of this Act, shall be imployed and disposed for and towards the Rebuilding, Finishing and Adorning the said Cathedral Church of St. Pauls according to such Order and Direction as by the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them, shall be given in that behalf: And the same shall from time to time be issued out and paid accordingly unto such Person and Persons as they or any two of them shall by Warrant under their hands and Seals for that purpose Direct and Appoint; which Warrant and such Person or Persons Acquittance shall be a sufficient Discharge in Law to him or them who shall thereupon pay any such Sum or Sums of Money.

And be it further Enacted, That for all Moneys paid and disbursed by vertue of this Act, is shall and may be Lawful for the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them, under their hands and Seals, to dispose of any Sum or part of the said Moneys, not exceeding in the whole four pence in the Pound, unto such Person or Persons who shall be appointed from time to time to be Treasurer or Treasurers, Paymasters, Book-keepers, Collectors or Accomptants for the said

laid Money in lieu of the trouble, hazard and incident Charges attending the Receipt and Payment thereof. And forasmuch as the Moneys to be raised by the Impositions aforesaid will not in a long time raise such a Stock or Sum of Money as may be sufficient for the effecting the Ends and Purposes of this Act :

It is hereby further Enacted, That the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, and Lord Mayor for the time being, or any two of them, shall be and are hereby impowered by Indenture under their hands and Seals to ingage the Profit arising out of the respective Impositions by this Act, or any part or parts thereof, as a Security for any Sum or Sums of Money by them to be borrowed for the Ends and Purposes of this Act, to any Person or Persons that shall or will advance any Sum or Sums of Money upon such Security. All which Money so to be borrowed shall be employed for or towards the Rebuilding, finishing and Adorning the said Cathedral Church according to the true intent of this Act.

Provided always, and be it Enacted, That if any Action or Suit shall be brought or proceeded against any Person or Persons for any matter or thing done, committed or executed by vertue of this Act, or of any Clause or Article herein, That then and in every such case the Defendant or Defendants may plead the
Gene-

General Issue (Not Guilty) and give this Act and the Special Matter in Evidence at any Tryal thereupon to be had, And if a Verdict shall pass for the Defendant, or the Plaintiff shall be nonsuit or discontinue his Action after the Defendant hath appeared, the Defendant shall recover double Costs to be awarded for his or their wrongful Vexation in that behalf.

And be it further Enacted, That all such Moneys so to be received upon Account of the said Imposition shall from time to time be paid to such Person or Persons as the said Lord Arch-Bishop, Lord Bishop, Lord Mayor or any two of them, shall from time to time appoint under their hands and Seals to be Receiver or Receivers-General, so as such Person or Persons do first give good Security to the Dean and Chapter of the said Cathedral Church of St. Pauls, London, for the due Repayment of all such Moneys as they shall receive in pursuance of this Act, that they may be expended according to this Act: The said Security being first approved under the hands of the Lord Chancellor or Lord Keeper of the Great Seal, Lord Chief Justice of the Kings-Bench, Lord Chief Justice of the Common-Pleas, and Lord Chief Baron for the time being, or any two or more of them.

And

And whereas by the Additional Act for Rebuilding the City of London, made in the Two and twentieth year of King Charles the Second, an Imposition of Eighteen pence per Chaldron upon Coals was appointed for Rebuilding fifty one Parochial Churches named in the said Act, by the Warrant and Direction of the said Lord Arch-Bishop of Canterbury, the Lord Bishop of London, and Lord Mayor of London for the time being, or any two of them; And whereas by a proviso in the said Act, One fourth part of the said Imposition was appointed to be employed by the like Warrants for the Rebuilding the Cathedral Church of St. Pauls; by which means the Fabrick of the said Cathedral hath been considerably advanced; Now so it is, that the said fourth part having been deducted the remainder of the said Imposition will by Estimate fall short of finishing all the said Parochial Churches, so that four of the said fifty one Churches may remain unbuilt, and the Towers of some other Churches not perfected: To the end therefore that the said Parish Churches appointed by name in the said Act to be Rebuilt may have due benefit of the said Imposition upon Coals;

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be Lawful for the said Lord Arch-Bishop of Canterbury, the Lord Bishop of London, and

Lord Mayor of London for the time being, or any two of them, to appropriate by Warrant under their Hands and Seals such part of the Imposition granted by this Act as shall in their Discretions seem sufficient for the compleating of any the said Parochial Churches that may happen to remain unfinished at the expiration of the aforesaid Act made in the Two and twentieth year of King Charles the Second; so as the same do not in any one year exceed one fifth part of the Imposition granted by this Act; And when the said Churches shall be competently finished, then to apply and appropriate the whole Remainder of the said Imposition to the Rebuilding of the said Cathedral of St. Pauls, and to no other use nor purpose whatsoever.

Provided, That this Act nor any thing therein contained shall not extend or be construed to extend during the continuance of this Act, to charge or lay any the Duties or Impositions aforesaid upon a certain yearly Rent or Allowance of One hundred Chalders of Coals which are to be answered and delivered by the Mayor and Burgeses of New-Castle upon Tyne for the use of His Majesties Royal Hospital now in Building in or near Chelsea in the County of Middlesex, for a certain long term of years yet to come, (the said Mayor and Burgeses for the time being, or their Agents, giving notice from time to

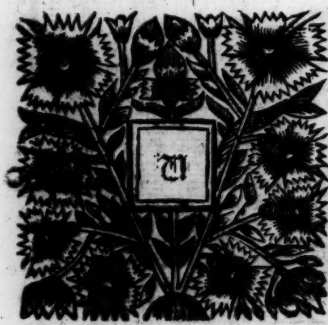
to time during the continuance of this Act,
to the Lord Arch-Bishop of Canterbury,
Lord Bishop of London, and Lord Mayor
of London, or any two of them, of the in-
tended delivery of such Coals for the use
aforesaid, three days at the least before the
delivery thereof) any thing before herein
contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Anno

in the year of the reign of the said King
 the said Burrough of Great-Yarmouth in
 the County of Norfolk is of great Impor-
 tance as well for his Majesties Service and
 Revenue as for the good of the whole
 Kingdom, especially
 in the Preservation of the Fishery, and the
 breeding and employing many thousands
 of Skilful Marriners and Seamen. And
 the Haven and Piers of the said Burgh
 have been of late much (more then here-
 tofore) obstructed and ruined by Sands
 thrown up by the Sea in such sort as that
 the

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for clearing, Preserving, Main-
 taining and Repairing the Haven and
 Piers of *Great-Yarmouth*.



Whereas the Burrough
 of Great-Yarmouth in
 the County of Norfolk
 is of great Impor-
 tance as well for his
 Majesties Service and
 Revenue as for the
 good of the whole
 Kingdom, especially
 in the Preservation of the Fishery, and the
 breeding and employing many thousands
 of Skilful Marriners and Seamen. And
 the Haven and Piers of the said Burgh
 have been of late much (more then here-
 tofore) obstructed and ruined by Sands
 thrown up by the Sea in such sort as that
 the

the Benefit thereof must of necessity be lost (if not timely prevented) the great Charge of Clearing, Preserving, Maintaining and Repairing whereof the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses and Commonalty of the said Burgh are in no wise able to bear, the said Corporation Ancient Real Estate being near Four hundred pounds per Annum being sold and expended, and they very much indebted by the great Charge of the Repair thereof, and the Powers of the former Acts of Parliament concerning the same being now wholly determined: To the end therefore that the said Haven and Piers may be Cleared, Preserved, Maintained and Kept in good Repair;

Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That for fourteen years and to the end of the next Session of Parliament from and after the Twenty fourth day of July next ensuing, there shall be paid by every the Master or other Person or Persons having the Rule and Command of any Ship or Vessel unlading, or which shall unlade within the said Haven of Great Yarmouth, or in the place in the Sea called Yarmouth-Road, near or adjoining to the said Burgh, extending from the South part of the Town of

Scratby in the County of Norfolk, to the North part of the Town of Cotton in the County of Suffolk, at the time of the unloading thereof, for the Goods hereafter mentioned; (that is to say) for every Chalder of Coals, (Winchester measure) Last of Wheat, Rye, Barley, Malt and other Grain, and for every Weigh of Salt, and every Tun of any other Goods or Merchandizes whatsoever, fish only excepted, which shall be imported and unloaded in the said Haven or Road, such Sum or Sums of Money not exceeding the Sum of Twelve pence of Lawful Money of England, as the said Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses and Commonalty in Common-Council Assembled shall from time to time Order or Appoint. And to the intent that the Sums of Money to be paid as aforesaid may be duly Collected and Levied to the Use and Purpose aforesaid;

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be Lawful to and for the said Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses and Commonalty in Common-Council Assembled, from time to time, and at all times hereafter, during the said Term of fourteen years, and to the end of the next Session of Parliament, to nominate and choose such Person or Persons to be Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers of every such Sum or Sums of Money as shall be Ordered or

Ap.

Appointed to be paid as aforesaid, as they shall think fit. All which Sums of Money the said Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers shall from time to time pay or cause to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain of the said Burgh for the time being, for the use of the said Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses and Commonalty for the use, intent and purpose aforesaid, and to none other use, intent or purpose whatsoever. And to the intent that all and every the Sum and Sums of Money which shall be Collected and Levied by vertue of this Act may be employed for the Clearing, Preserving, maintaining and keeping in Repair of the said Haven and Piers;

Be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That there shall be Eight or any five of them Commissioners nominated and appointed to have the Inspection, and take the Account of the Receipts and Disbursements of all such Moneys as shall be so Collected and Levied during the Term aforesaid; two of which said Commissioners shall be yearly and every year from time to time nominated and appointed by the Mayor, Aldermen, Burgesses and Commonalty in Common-Council Assembled, and other two of the said Eight Commissioners shall be in like manner nominated and appointed by the Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of Norwich in Common-Council Assembled;

sembled; and other two of them shall be in like manner nominated and appointed by the Justices of the Peace for the said County of Norfolk; and the other two of them shall be in like manner nominated and appointed by the Justices of the Peace for the County of Suffolk at the respective Sessions of the Peace to be holden for the said Counties of Norfolk and Suffolk respectively, which said Commissioners or any five or more of them shall and may from time to time during the said Term call before them the Collectors, Receivers and others who shall from time to time be intrusted with the Collection, Receipt or Employment of the Moneys to be Collected and Received in pursuance of this Act, who shall and are by vertue of this Act required to render unto the said Commissioners or any five or more of them a true Account thereof, and of all and every Sum and Sums of Money which shall rest due upon such Account; and the said Commissioners or any five or more of them shall and may order and appoint all such Moneys as shall rest due upon such Account to be laid out and expended for and towards the uses and purposes aforesaid as there shall be cause; And the Mayor of the said Burgh for the time being is hereby Enabled and Required to Administer an Oath to every such Collector or Collectors, Receiver or Receivers as shall be nominated and chosen as aforesaid

said for the true and faithful executing his or their Office in and about the Premises, according to the true intent and meaning of this present Act.

Provided, That the said Collector and Collectors, Receiver and Receivers to be nominated and chosen as aforesaid, and every of them, shall from time to time be allowed for their Pains in Executing the said Office out of the Sums of Money by him received, so much as the said Mayor, Aldermen, Burgessees and Commonalty in Common-Council Assembled, shall think fit, not exceeding Two pence in the Pound.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That it shall and may be Lawful to and for the said Collector and Collectors, Receiver and Receivers for the time being, and every or any of them from time to time, and at all convenient and seasonable times, to enter into any Ship or Vessel within the said Haven and Road, or either of them, there to see and inform him and themselves what Goods shall be in the same unladen out thereof; And in case the said Sum or Sums of Money so Ordered or Appointed to be paid as aforesaid, shall not be paid by the Master or other Person or Persons having the Rule and Command of any Ship or Vessel unloading as aforesaid, according to the true intent and meaning of this Act, That then and so often it shall

and may be Lawful to and for the said Collector and Collectors, Receiver and Receivers, and every or any of them, by Warrant obtained from the Mayor of the Burgh of Great-Yarmouth aforesaid for the time being, under his hand and Seal, to take and detain every such Ship or Vessel, and all Tackle, Apparel and Furniture thereto belonging, or any part thereof, and the same to detain and keep until he or they be satisfied and paid the said Sums of Monies and every of them. And in case of neglect or delay of or in payment of the said Sum or Sums of Money, or any of them, or any part thereof within ten days next after any Distress or Distresses so taken as aforesaid, That then it shall and may be Lawful to and for the said Collector and Collectors, Receiver and Receivers and every or any of them to sell the said Distress or Distresses so taken, and therewith to satisfy him or themselves as well for and concerning the said Duty so neglected or delayed to be paid, and for which any Distress or Distresses shall be so taken as aforesaid, and also for his and their reasonable Charges in taking or keeping of such Distress, rendering to the Master or other Person having the Rule or Command of the Ship or Vessel of, in, or from which such Distress shall be so taken the Overplus, if any there shall be.

Provided always, and be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That such Fish, Oyls, and Fish-Livers as shall be obtained in and upon any Fishing-Voyage or Voyages, and such remainder of Salt, Bread, Beer and other Provision as shall be taken into any Ship or Vessel for accomplishing any Fishing-Voyage or Voyages, or into any Ship or Vessel for the maintenance of the Master and Mariners serving therein upon any Voyage or Voyages to be made with such Ship or Vessel, and not spent therein, shall be exempted from the payment of the said Duty, any thing herein contained to the contrary thereof notwithstanding.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni
JACOBI II.
REGIS

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the
Nineteenth Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1685.
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the
Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France,*
and *Ireland* King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill* deceas'd : And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
To the **KINGS** most Excellent **MAJESTY**, 1685.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

At the Court of the King and Queen at Whitehall
 the 10th day of May 1685.
 In the 10th year of the King of Great Britain
 Grace of God, of England, Scotland, France
 and Ireland King, Defender of the Faith, etc.



LONDON,
 Printed by the Assigns of John Will, deceased: And
 by Henry Hills and Thomas Newcomen, Printers
 To the KING most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.

Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Reviving and Continuance
of several Acts of Parliament therein
mentioned.



Whereas many good
and wholesome Laws
were made in the
Reign of Your Ma-
jesties Royal Bro-
ther King Charles the
Second of Blessed
Memory, as Proba-
tionary Laws which
by Experience have been found very useful
and beneficial both for the Service of the
Crown and Good of the Subjects of this
Your Majesties Kingdom, which said Acts
being made Temporary are now of them
expired, and others near expiring, Your
Commons in this present Parliament As-
sembled taking the same into their Ser-

vice and consideration have thought fit to

ous Consideration, do most humbly beseech Your Majesty, That it may be Enacted:

And be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and Commons in this present Parliament Assembled; and by Authority of the same, That One Act of Parliament made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth years of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for the better Relief of the Poor of this Kingdom, (except what Relates unto the Corporation therein mentioned and Constituted thereby) shall be in force from the first day of this present Session of Parliament, and so to continue for the space of Seven years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

And forasmuch as such poor persons at their first coming to a Parish do commonly conceal themselves, be it therefore hereby Provided and Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the forty days continuance of such person in a Parish intended by the said Act to make a Settlement shall be accounted from the time of his or her delivery of Notice in Writing (which they are hereby required to do) of the House of his or her abode, and the
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number of his or her Family; if he or she have any, to one of the Church-Wardens or Overseers of the Poor of the said Parish to which they shall so remove.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act made in the said Thirteenth and Fourteenth years of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for preventing the unnecessary Charge of Sheriffs, and for Ease in passing their Accounts, shall be in force, and is hereby made perpetual.

And be it Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act made in the Seventeenth year of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for avoiding unnecessary Suits and Delays: And also One other Act made in the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth years of his late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for the better Settling Intestates Estates, (which said latter Act is explained by a Clause in one other Act made in the Nine and twentieth year of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for Prevention of Frauds and Perjuries) both which said Acts, with the said Clause, are continued by one other Act made in the Thirtieth year of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for Reviving both the said former Acts. All which said

Acts and Clauses shall be in force, and is hereby made perpetual.

Provided always, and it is hereby further Enacted, That no Administrator shall from the Four and twentieth day of July next be C^oted to any the Courts in the said last Act mentioned, to render an Account of the Personal Estate of his Intestate (otherwise then by an Inventory or Inventories thereof) unless it be at the Instance or Prosecution of some Person or Persons in behalf of a Minor, or having a Demand out of such Personal Estate as a Creditor or next of Kin; Nor be Compellable to Accompt before any the Ordinaries or Judges by the said last Act impow^{er}ed and appointed to take the same, otherwise then as is aforesaid, any thing in the said last Acts contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided also, and it is further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That if after the Death of a Father any of his Children shall dye Intestate without Wife or Children in the Life-time of the Father, every Brother and Sister and the Representatives of them shall have an equal Share with her, any thing in the last mentioned Acts to the contrary notwithstanding.

Prohibited, and it is hereby, for the determining some Doubts arising upon the Acts aforementioned, for the better settling Intestates Estates, Enacted and Declared, That the Clause therein, by which it is provided, That that Act or an thing therein contained should not any ways prejudice or hinder the Customs observed within the City of London and Province of York, Was never intended, nor shall be taken or construed to extend to such part of any Intestates Estate as any Administrator by vertue only of being Administrator by pretence or reason of any Custom, may claim to have to exempt the same from Distribution, but that such part in the hands of such Administrator shall be subject to Distribution as in other Cases within the said Act.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act made in the Nineteenth year of King Charles the Second, Entituled, An Act for Assigning Orders in the Exchequer without Revocation, shall be in force from the first day of this present Session of Parliament, and so to continue for the space of Seven years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act
made

made in the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth years of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act to prevent Frauds in the Buying and Selling of Cattle in *Smith-field* and elsewhere, shall be in force from the Four and twentieth day of June One thousand six hundred eighty five, and so to continue for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament; Provided, That the said Act or any thing therein contained, shall not extend to Salemen or Factors employed by Farmers or Feeders.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act made in the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth years of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for the better and more certain Recovery of Fines and Forfeitures due to His Majesty, shall be in force from the first day of this present Session of Parliament, and so to continue for the space of seven years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act of the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth of King Charles the Second, Entituled, An Act to Revive an Act, Entituled, An Act to prevent the Disturbance of
of

of Seamen and others, and to preserve the Stores belonging to His Majesties Navy-Royal, with some Alterations and Additions, shall be in force from the first day of this present Session of Parliament, and so to continue for seven years, and from thence to the end of the first Session of the next Parliament.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act of the Two and twentieth and Three and twentieth of King Charles the Second, Entituled, An Act to prevent the Planting of Tobacco in *England*, and for Regulating the Plantation Trade, shall be in force from the first day of this present Session of Parliament, and so to continue for seven years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act made in the Thirteenth year of King Charles the Second, Entituled, An Act to Enable Creditors to Recover their Debts of the Executors and Administrators of the Executors in their own wrong, shall be in force from the first day of this present Session of Parliament, and so to continue for seven years, and from thence to the end of the first Session of the next Parliament.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That One other Act made in the Thirteenth and Fourteenth years of his said late Majesties Reign, Entituled, An Act for preventing the frequent Abuses in Printing Seditious, Treasonable and Unlicensed Books and Pamphlets, and for Regulating of Printing and Printing-Presses, and every Clause, Article and thing therein contained be Revived, and continue in force from the Four and twentieth day of June, in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred eighty five, for the space of Seven years, and from thence to the end of the next Session of Parliament.

Anno

and



Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act to Encourage the Building of
Ships in *England*.



Whereas for some years
past, and more espe-
cially since the laying
a Duty upon Coals
brought into the Ri-
ver of Thames, there
hath been observed a
more then ordinary
Decay in Building
Ships in England, and particularly in
New Castle, Hull, Yarmouth, Ipswich, Al-
borough, Dunwich, Walderswick, Woodbridge
and Harwich, Where many stout Ships
were yearly built for the Coal and other
Trade, which were of great use to his
Majesty in time of War, and a Nursery
for able Seamen, but by the Discourage-
ment that Trade hath ever since lain un-
der occasioned chiefly by the freedom which
foreign Ships and Vessels bought and
brought into this Kingdom have enjoyed
in

in the Coal and other Inland Trade equal to that of English-built Ships, the Merchants, Owners and others have not been able to build as formerly, which hath caused many of our English Shipwrights, Talkers and Seamen to seek their Employments abroad, Whereby the Building-Trade is not only wholly lost in several of the aforementioned places, and in others very much decayed, but also the Importation of Timber, Plank, Hemp, Pitch, Tar, Iron, Basts, Canvas and other Commodities used in building and fitting out Ships are greatly lessened, to the apparent prejudice of His Majesties Customs, the loss of a considerable Employment for Shipping, and consequently of all other Trades depending thereupon to the too great advantage of Foreign Nations.

Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That all Foreign built Ships and Vessels which shall from henceforth be bought and brought into the Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales or Town of Berwick upon Tweed, and be employed in carrying or transporting any Goods or Merchandize from Port to Port as aforesaid, for every Voyage shall pay to His Majesty,
His

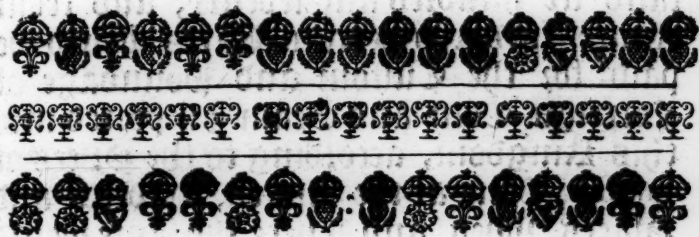
His Heirs and Successors at the Port of delivery of their respective Lading (before the delivery thereof) over and above all Duties now paid or that shall hereafter be payable by English-built Ships, the sum of five shillings per Tun to be Collected and Received by such Person or Persons as His Majesty shall appoint in that behalf; One moiety Whereof to be for the use of the Chest at Chatham, the other moiety to the Master, Wardens and Assistants of the Trinity-House of Deptford-Strond for and towards the Relief of wounded and decayed Seamen, their Widows and Children. And Whereas there are now in England belonging or pretended to belong to English Owners many Forreign-built Ships and Vessels which do transport Coals and other Goods from Port to Port in England as aforesaid, paying no more Duty then English Ships pay.

Be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all such Forreign Ships (which are not free) for every Voyage shall pay, after the Feast of St. Michael in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred eighty and nine, at the Rate of Twelve pence per Tun over and above all Duties now paid or that shall hereafter be payable by English-built Ships, to be disposed of unto the Chest of Chatham and the Trinity-House of Deptford-Strond by Woyties as aforesaid, and for the uses before mentioned, which said last mention-

ed Duty of Twelve pence per Tun also shall be Collected and Received in manner aforesaid, at their respective Ports of Delivery of their respective Lading before the delivery thereof.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That His Majesty shall have the same Remedy for Receiving and Recovering of the Duties abovementioned as are provided in a certain Act of Parliament made in the Twelfth year of the Reign of our late Sovereign Lord King Charles the Second, Intituled, A Subsidy granted to the King of Tonnage and Poundage and other Sums of Money payable upon Merchandize Exported and Imported.

Provided always, That the said Duties of Five shillings per Tun and Twelve pence per Tun or any part thereof hereby imposed upon such Foreign built Ships which hath been heretofore or shall hereafter be bought or brought into England, shall not be set to farm to any Person or Persons for any term or time, or for any Rent or certain Payment whatsoever, but that the several Persons who shall be appointed to Receive the same shall actually Receive the said whole Duty payable by every such Ship; and Account for the same as by this Act is Directed.



Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Additional Act for Improvement
of Tillage.



Orasmuch as by an
Act made in the Two
and twentieth year of
the Reign of his late
Majesty of ever Bles-
sed Memory, Inti-
tuled, An Act for Im-
provement of Tillage,
and the Breed of Cattle ;

It is amongst other things provided
and Enacted, That from and after the
Nine

Nine and twentieth of June One thousand six hundred and seventy, and from thence forward certain Rates should be paid for the Custom and Poundage of Forreign Corn and Grain Imported into this Kingdom, according to the Prices of English Corn at the Times, Habens and Places when and where the same should be Imported as by the said Act particularly appeareth.

And in as much as no Provision was made by the said Act for Ascertaining and Determining the said Prices, by Reason whereof divers great quantities of Forreign Corn and Grain have been Imported without paying the respective Duties by the said Act appointed, contrary to the true Intent and Meaning of the said Act.

Now for supplying the said Defect, Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That from and after the Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel next, and from thence forward, it shall and may be Lawful to and for all and every the Justices of the Peace for the severall and respective Countie's within
his

his Majesties Kingdom of England, Dominion of Wales, and the Town of Berwick upon Tyne, wherein Foreign Corn or Grain shall or may be hereafter Imported. And they and every of them are hereby Injuncted and Required at their next respective Quarter-Sessions after Michaelmas and Easter-day yearly by the Oaths of two or more honest and Substantial Persons of the respective Counties being neither Merchants nor Factors for the Importing of Corn, nor any ways concerned nor interested in the Corn so Imported, and each of them having a Freehold Estate of Twenty pounds per Annum, or a Leasehold Estate of Fifty pounds per Annum, above all Charges and Repizes, and being Skilful in the the Prices of Corn (which Oaths all and every the said Justices are hereby empowered to Administer) and by such other Ways and Means as to them shall seem fit to Examine and Determine the Common Market Prices of Widling English Corn and Grain of the respective sorts in the said Act mentioned, as the same shall be commonly bought and sold in the said respective Counties into which any Foreign Corn and Grain shall be Imported, and to Certifie the same with two such Oaths made as aforesaid, in Writing annex, unto his Majesties

M m Chief

Chief Officer and Collector of the Customs for the time being Residing in the said respective Ports or havens where the said Corn and Grain shall be Imported, to be hung up in some publick place in the Custom-house, to which all persons may resort for their Information.

And it is hereby further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That from and after the said Feast of St. Michael the Arch-Angel next, the Custom and Duty of Foreign Corn and Grain Imported into any of his Majesties said Dominions of England, Wales and Town of Berwick upon Tweed appointed by the said Act to be paid, shall be Collected and Paid according to the Prices contained in such respective Certificates as aforesaid, and not otherwise, any thing in this Act or in any other Law or Statute contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That all that by vertue of this Act is to be done by the Justices of the Peace at their Quarter Sessions in their severall Counties, shall be done and performed in like manner in the City of London in the Months of October and April yearly by the Mayor, Aldermen and Justices of Peace

Peace there, and that the persons making such Oaths shall be no Corn-Chandler, Dealman, Factor, Merchant or other Person interested in such Corn so to be Imported, but shall be some Substantial house-keepers living in Middlesex or Surrey qualified as aforesaid.

F I N I S.

Item we have, and that the persons that
 are in the same shall be no more than
 let, spiritual, and temporal, of a
 the person in the same shall be no more than
 be spiritual, and shall be no more than
 that shall be no more than in the same
 shall be no more than in the same

2 1 1 1 1

Anno Regni
J A C O B I II.
R E G I S

Angliae, Scotiae, Franciae & Hiberniae,
Primo.

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the Nineteenth Day of *May*, Anno Dom. 1685. in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most Gracious Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France, and Ireland*, King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



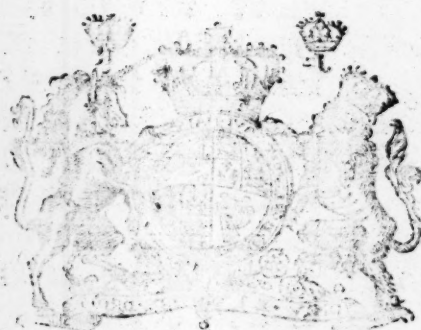
L O N D O N,
Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill*, Deceas'd: And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1685.

Anno Regni JACOB I. II.

REGIS

Anglicæ, Scoticæ, Francicæ & Hibernicæ
 Primito.

At the Parliament begun at Westminster the Nine-
 teenth Day of May, Anno Domini 1685. in the
 First Year of the Reign of Our Most Gracious
 Sovereign Lord JAMES, by the Grace of
 God, of England, Scotland, France, and Ireland,
 King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON:
 Printed by the Assigns of John Bill Deane & Co:
 by Henry Hills, and Thomas Newcomen, Printers
 to the Kings most Excellent Majesty. 1685.

Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act to Enable the Inhabitants of the Parish of St. Anne within the Liberty of Westminster, to Raise Money to Build a Church to be the Parish-Church there.



Whereas several Persons who Erected and built new Houses in a certain Field called Kemps-Field and the parts adjacent in the Parish of St. Martins in the Fields in the County of Middlesex,

The Builders of Houses in Kemps-Field in St. Martins Parish in the County of Middlesex.

did apply themselves to the Right Reverend Father in God Henry Lord Bishop of London, Humbly Requesting him to cause a parcel of Ground part of the said Field to be set out for the Scite of a Church and a Coemetary or Church-Yard for the Burial of Christian People there; Which the said Lord Bishop accordingly Directed,

Apply'd themselves to the Bishop of London to set out the Scite of a Church and a Church-Yard in part of the said Field.

The Bishop directed the Scite of the Church, and a Foundation of a Church and Breeple was laid.

¶ n 2

and

And the Building thereof was advanc'd above the Ground with purpose to be a Parish Church. And Subscriptions were made in order thereunto. And a Bill was preferr'd in a Parliament 30 Car. 2. and passed into an Act. The Title of the Act to constitute the Parish of St. Anne. The Precinct of the Parish in the Act described was to be the Parish. And was to be a Parish from the 24th of June after the Consecration of the Church. To be separate from the Parish of St. Martin, and called the Parish of St. Anne within the Liberty of Westminster. The Owners and Occupiers of Houses and Lands in the Parish desire to have the Church finished and consecrated to be used for the service of God therein.

and the said Persons did thereupon lay the Foundation of a Church and Steeple, and advance the Building thereof to a convenient height above Ground, with a purpose to proceed and finish the same to be a Parish Church, and made p^{er} subscription amongst themselves in order thereunto, and preferred a Bill in a Session of Parliament holden at Westminster in the Thirtieth year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second of ever Blessed Memory, which passed into an Act of Parliament, Entituled, An Act for making part of the Parish of St. Martins in the Fields a new Parish, to be called the Parish of St. Anne within the Liberty of Westminster. And a certain Precinct in the said Act described was from and after the four and twentieth day of March which shall next happen after the Consecration of the said Church thereby made and ever thereafter Enacted to be taken and deemed an Entire Parish separate from the said Parish of St. Martin to be called the Parish of St. Anne within the Liberty of Westminster, as in and by the said Act Relation being thereunto had it doth and may appear: And forasmuch as the Inhabitants, Owners and Occupiers of the Houses, Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments within the Precinct or Bounds of the said intended Parish are desirous to have the said Church finished, That it may be Consecrated and used for the

the Publick Worship of God and for the better instruction of the People inhabiting and to inhabit therein, in the true Christian Religion, as it is now professed in the Church of England and Established by the Laws of this Realm, but cannot Legally make an equal Distribution amongst themselves for the performanc^e thereof.

But cannot make a legal distribution amongst themselves to do it.

Be it therefore Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by, and with the Advice and Consent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal and the Commons in this present Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That Henry Lord Bishop of London or the Lord Bishop of London for the time being shall and is hereby Authorized and Required within thirty days after the Royal Assent given to this Act to Constitute and Appoint a certain number of Persons by an Instrument in Writing under the Seal of his Office not exceeding the number of thirty of the best and most Discreet Inhabitants in the said Precinct, who together with such others as shall be hereby appointed, shall be Supervisors and Commissioners for the said Church, and shall continue in the said Office until the said Church shall be finished and paid for, and after that to be Vestry-men for the said Parish as in other Parishes, and no otherwise (if they shall so long inhabit there) except for some Offence or misgovernment by them

The Bishop of London, authorized so Constitute thirty persons to be Supervisors and Commissioners for the Church.

To continue therein till the Church be built and paid for. And to be a Vestry-men for the said Parish, as such are in other Parishes.

Vestry-men
may be displa-
ced (for Of-
fence commit-
ted) by the
Bishop.

Vestry-men
that die or are
displaced, may
be supplied by
the surviving
Vestry-men.

or any of them committed, they shall be displaced by the Lord Bishop of London for the time being; And when any of them shall be so displaced, dye, or leave the said Parish, the remaining Commis- sioners or any seven or more of them shall elect another of the said Inhabitants to succeed in his room.

And be it further Enacted, That the said Commissioners shall and are hereby Authorized and Required to Assemble and Meet together in the Vestry of the Parish Church of St. Martin within one and twenty days after their Constitution by the said Instrument of the said Lord Bishop of London as aforesaid, and they and every of them shall take a Corporal Oath to be Administered by the Clerk of the said Parish of St. Martin for the time being (who is hereby Authorized to Ad- minister the same) to do and well and truly Execute all things to them com- mitted and Authorized by this Act; And they or any seven or more of them after they shall have taken the said Oath shall nominate and appoint one Able and Dis- creet person to be their Clerk to Register the Acts and Orders to be by them made in and for the Execution of this Act, and shall from time to time hold their Meet- ings in the said Vestry of the Parish Church of St. Martin until there shall be a Vestry-Room erected in the said Parish of St. Anne, where they are thenceforth from

The Commis-
sioners are to
meet in St.

Martin's Vest-
ry in one and
twenty days
after their
constitution by
Lord Bishop.

They are to
take an oath
to be adminis-
tered to them
by the Vicar
of St. Martin.

The purpose
of the Oath.

all or sundry
of them.

Shall be

done.

The Commis-
sioners to ap-
point a Clerk
to Register
their Orders.

And to hold

their Meet-

ings in St. Mar-

tin's Vestry.

Until a Vestry-

Room be

built in St.

Anne's Parish.

front time to time to Assemble as occasion
shall require; and they or any seven or
more of them are hereby Authorized to Ad-
minister the said Oath to all and every
of the said Commissioners as did not take
the same at their first Meeting, and to all
succeeding Commissioners to be put in ap-
on any Vacancy as aforesaid, or other-
wise by virtue of this Act.

The Commis-
sioners or seven
of them are to
Administer
the Oath, to
all that did
not take it at
their first
meeting. And to all suc-
ceeding Com-
missioners.

And be it Enacted by the Authority a-
foresaid, That the Rector to be hereafter
Collated or Instituted to the said Church
after the Consecration thereof, and the
Rector and Church-Wardens thereof for
the same being, shall and are hereby ap-
pointed to be additional Superbisors and
Commissioners for the said Church.

The Rector of
St. Paul's
Church and
the Church-
wardens to be
Additional
Commission-
ers.

And be it further Enacted, That the
said Commissioners or any seven of them
shall within thirty days after their Con-
stitution make or cause to be made an Es-
timate in Writing under the hands of
some sufficient Person or Persons quali-
fied for the same, of the Charge of build-
ing and finishing the said Church and
Steeple and a House for the Rector, and
a Vestry-Room, and inclosing the
Church-Yard, and erecting Galleries,
Pulpit, Desk and pews in the said
Church, and providing a Clock and Dial
and one or more Bells for the ordinary
usage of the Church; And for such sum
or sums of Money for the said Charge
as they shall judge they shall not be able

The Commis-
sioners shall
cause an Es-
timate to be
made of the
Charge of
building the
Church, Stee-
ple, a House
for the Rector,
and a Vestry
Room. And for ere-
cting a Pulpit,
Desk and
Pewes, and
providing a
Clock and a
Dial and
Bells.

to

Such Sums as shall not be raised out of Pews; the Commissioners or any nine of them may assess not exceeding five thousand pounds. To be levied in four years by sixteen quarterly payments over and above the Charge of Collection.

To be Taxed on all the Inhabitants, Owners and Occupiers by a Pound Rate of the yearly vallues of the Estates or otherwise.

No Tenant shall be Taxed at less then a fifth part of the Sum assessed upon the Landlord.

The Commissioners shall appoint twelve or more Assessors of the said Quarterly payments.

to raise by sale of the Pews to be made and erected therein, they or any nine or more of them shall and are hereby empowered equally to assess or cause the said Sum (not exceeding five thousand pounds) to be Assessed and Levied in four years by sixteen quarterly payments (over and above the Charge of Collecting the same) upon all and every the Inhabitants, Owners and Occupiers of Lands, Houses, Tenements and Hereditaments, or any Personal Estate within the said Parish according to an equal Pound Rate of the yearly value of the Lands, Houses, Tenements and Hereditaments to be assessed, or otherwise as it may seem meet to the said Commissioners.

Provided always, That no Tenant or Occupier of any of the said Lands, Tenements and Hereditaments shall be Rated for his or her Personal Estate at less then a fifth part of the Sum assessed upon the Landlord for the same: And the said Commissioners or any seven or more of them are hereby Authorized yearly or oftner to nominate and appoint under their Hands and Seals twelve or more of the Inhabitants of the said Parish to be Assessors of the said Quarterly payment, giving them convenient time to assess and make return thereof in Writing in Books fairly Written in such manner as they shall Direct; which said Assessments shall

be

be from time to time Collected by such Person or Persons as shall be thereunto Authorized to Collect the same by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of the said Commissioners or any seven or more of them ; And the said Collectors shall in the said Warrant be Required from time to time to pay the Money by them Collected, to such Treasurer as shall be by the said Commissioners or any seven or more of them thereunto nominated and Constituted by Warrant under their Hands and Seals (Which Nomination and Constitution the said Commissioners as aforesaid are hereby Authorized to make) and to make Payment thereof at such time and times as they shall be by the said Warrant Limited and Directed.

Which shall be Collected by such Persons as the Commissioners shall appoint.

The Money to be pay'd to such Treasurer as the Commissioners shall nominate.

Which Nomination they are authoriz'd to make. Payment shall be made of the Money Collected at the times limited.

And be it Enacted and Declared, That if any person shall refuse or neglect to pay any Sum or Sums of Money which he or she shall be Rated or Assessed, That then it shall and may be Lawful to and for the said Collectors (Who are hereby Authorized and Required thereunto) by Warrant under the Hands and Seals of seven or more of the said Commissioners to Levy the same by distress and sale of the Goods of such person so refusing or neglecting to pay, deducting the Sum Assessed and reasonable Charge of Distraining, and then restoring the Overplus to the Owner thereof ; And the said Collectors shall and may call to their assistance

And the said Collectors shall and may call to their assistance

The Collectors shall levy the Money assessed on those that refuse payment. By distress and sale of the Goods of those that refuse or neglect to pay. Restoring the Overplus after deduction of Charge to the Owner.

The Sheriffs
of Middlesex
and the Con-
stables of Se-
veral Parishes
are to be
aiding and
assisting where
required.

Questions a-
bout Distresses
shall be heard
and determin-
ed by the said
Commissioners
or any seven or
more of them.

Tenants are to
pay the Taxes
assessed on
them or on
their Houses
or Lands.

And to deduct
what shall be
assessed on the
Landlord.

Tenants pay-
ing their Ac-
cessments are
discharged for
so much there-
of as shall be
payable by
the Landlord.

Assistance the Sheriffs of Middlesex or their
Under-Sheriffs, or any of the Constables
of the said Parish of St. Martin (who are
hereby Authorized and Required to be
Aiding and Assisting to them or any of
them in the Premises :) And if any Que-
stion or Difference happen upon taking of
such Distresses between the Parties Di-
stressed or Distrained, the same shall be
heard and finally determined by the said
Commissioners or any seven or more of
them; And the several and respective
Tenant and Tenants of all Houses and
Lands which shall be Rated by vertue of
this Act, are hereby Required and Autho-
rized to pay such Sum or Sums of Mo-
ney as shall be Rated or Assessed upon
such House or Land, or upon them or any
of them in respect thereof: And to deduct
out of the Rent so much of the said Taxes
as in respect of the said Rents of every
such House and Lands the Landlord
should or ought to pay and bear: And the
said Landlords both immediate and imme-
diate according to their respective Interests
are hereby Required to allow such Deduc-
tions and Payments upon Receipt of
the Residue of the Rents: And every Te-
nant paying the said Assessment shall be
acquitted and discharged for so much Mo-
ney as the same Assessment shall amount
unto, as if the same had been actually
paid unto such person or persons unto
whom his or her Rent should have been
due and payable.

And

And be it further Enacted, That if any Difference shall arise between Landlord and Tenant, or any other concerning the said Rates; The said Commissioners or any seven or more of them shall, and have hereby Power finally to hear, settle and determine the same as they shall think meet: And that if any Person shall find him or herself grieved, in that the Assessors have overated them and shall within one and twenty days after the first Demand made of the Sum Assessed on him or her, Complain thereof to Three or more of the said Commissioners, whereof One who Signed the Assessment to be One: The Commissioners or any Seven or more of them shall, and have hereby Power within One and twenty days after such Complaint made, to Relieve such Person, and Charge the same on some other Person or Persons as they shall see cause; And that if any of the said Assessments shall be Rated or Assessed on any Person not of ability to pay the same, Or upon any house that after the Assessment made, shall become void, whereby the same cannot be then Collected; Or that through any Willfulness or Deficiency of a Collector, or any other Mistake or Accident whatsoever, there be a Deficiency in one of the said Quarterly Payments or Sums payable by this Act: The same shall be Reassessed or Added to the Assessments of the next Succeeding Quarterly Payments

Differences between Landlord and Tenant shall be heard and determined by the Commissioners.

Persons over-rated may in ten days after demand, complain to three or more of the Commissioners.

One who signed the Assessment is to be One, to whom complaint shall be made.

The Commissioners in one and twenty days after complaint may relieve complaints.

Assessments rated on persons unable to pay them are void of houses.

Or if through willfulness, deficiency, mistake or accident, there be deficiency in one quarterly Payment.

The same shall be reassessed and added to the next payment.

Deficiency in
the last quar-
terly Assess-
ment shall be
in like manner
supplied.

ments; And if there be any like Deficiency in the last of the said Sixteen Quarterly Payments, the same shall be Assessed, Collected and Levied the then next Succeeding Quarter in manner as aforesaid.

A convenient
Salary shall be
allowed to the
Clerk attending
the Com-
missioners.

To be continu-
ed till the
Church and
Buildings shall
be finished, and
the Church
consecrated.
The Clerk to
be allowed for
Pen, Ink, Pa-
per, Wax, Fuel
and other
Expences.
Allowance is
to be made to
the Assessors
for Writing
the Assess-
ments.
And moderate
Allowance is
to be made to
the Collectors
for Collecting
the Assess-
ments.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That the said Commissioners or any Seven or more of them shall, and hereby are Authorized and Required out of such Sums of Money as shall be Raised as aforesaid, to pay or cause to be paid a convenient Salary to their Clerk, to be continued to him until the said Church-steeple, Church-yard and Premises shall be finished, and the said Church consecrated, and to make him convenient Allowance for Pen, Ink, Paper, Wax, Fuel, and other necessary expences to be made, in and about the Execution of this Act; And also to pay and satisfy, or cause to be paid and satisfied a sufficient Recompence from time to time to the Assessors, for Writing and Transcribing the Books of Assessment hereby to be Assessed and Provided, and to make a moderate Allowance to the Collectors to be from time to time hereby appointed for their pains in Collecting the said Assessments.

And be it further Enacted, That the said Commissioners or any Nine or more of them, shall take care to have all the Debts, Credits and Contracts made with, or by the Artificers and Workmen Impleyed,

or to be Employed, for the Building of the said Church, Steeple and Premises, to be fairly Entred in One or more Book or Books to be kept for that purpose, and shall pay and satisfie, or cause to be paid and satisfied out of the Assessments here- by appointed, or any other Sum or Sums of Money that shall come to their Hands or to the Hands of the Treasurer by them to be appointed to the Artificers and Work- men Employed in, and about the Build- ing of the said Church and Premises, all and every Sum and Sums of Money Payable unto them and every of them for the same, together with moderate Inter- est for Forbearance thereof, and to Pay such Sum and Sums of Money to them, their Executors, Administrators or As- signs in course, according to the Date of the Entries and Registering of their Debts and Credits, as aforesaid.

And be it further Enacted, That if any Person shall refuse to be a Collector or Assessor, or wilfully neglect or refuse to perform his or their Duty in due and speedy Execution of this Act; The said Commissioners or any Seven or more of them shall and have hereby Power to Im- pose on such Person or Persons so refusing or neglecting their Duty, such Fine or Fines as to them shall be thought fit, not exceeding Forty Shillings for any one Of- fence and to cause the same to be Levied by Distress and Sale of his and their

The Debts, Credits, and Contracts with Artificers shall be entered in a Book kept for that purpose.

The Commis- sioners out of the Money com- ing to them or their Treas- urer by Asses- ments or other- wise, shall pay the Workmen the sums due to them for build- ing the Church and Premises with moderate Interest for Forbearance,

And to pay the same to them and their Executors, Ad- ministrators or Assigns in course, according to the registering of their Debts and Credits. Persons refus- ing to be Col- lectors or As- sessors, or not performing their Duty,

shall be fined by the Commis- sioners in any sum not ex- ceeding Four- ty Shillings.

To be levied
by distress and
Sale of the Of-
fenders goods
to the Bishop

Goods, tithings, the Surplus to the
Owner after deduction of reasonable
Charges for making the Ditties.

And be it further Enacted, That if any
Collector shall neglect or refuse to pay any
Sum or Sums of Money by him Collec-
ted, to the Treasurer appointed as aforesaid,
the said Commissioners or any seven
or more of them are hereby Authorised by
their warrant to Impound the Offender
till he shall have made payment thereof.

And be it further Enacted, That the
said Commissioners are hereby Required
and Enjoyed by themselves or any seven
or more of them to make an yearly Ac-
count under their hands until the said
Church, Steep, House for a Rector and
the Premises shall be fully finished, to
the Lord Bishop of London for the time
being, whose Allowance thereof by any
Warranting under his Seal Episcopal shall
be to them and every of them a sufficient
Discharge.

Provided always, and be it Enacted,
That the Quorum of the Supervisors and
Commissioners and their Successors Es-
tablished by virtue of this Act (after the
Consecration of the said Church) shall to
all other purposes not hereby Directed
consist of seven of them.

And be it further Enacted by the Au-
thority aforesaid, That if any Action,
Plaint, Suit or Information shall be
Commenced or Prosecuted against any
person

Collector
refusing to pay
the money
them collected
shall be impris-
oned till pay-
ment made

The Commis-
sioners are to
make an Ac-
count yearly
to the Bishop
of London.

The allowance
thereof under
the Bishop's
Seal shall be a
sufficient Dis-
charge for the
Commissioners

The Quorum
of the Commis-
sioners after
the Consecra-
tion of the
Church shall
always consist
of seven.

person or persons for what he or they shall do in pursuance or Execution of this Act, such person or persons so Sued may plead the General Issue of Not Guilty; And upon any Issue joyned, give this Act and the special Matter in Evidence; And if the Plaintiffs or Prosecutor shall become Non-Suit or suffer Discontinuance; Or if a Verdict pass against him, the Defendant shall Recover their treble Costs, for which they shall have the like Remedy as in any case where Costs by the Law are given to Defendants.

Officers Sued
may plead the
general Issue
and recover
treble Costs.

F I N I S.

Anno Regni JACOBI II.

REGIS

*Angliæ, Scotiæ, Franciæ & Hiberniæ,
Primo.*

At the Parliament begun at *Westminster* the
Nineteenth Day of *May*, *Anno Dom. 1685.*
in the First Year of the Reign of Our Most
Gracious Sovereign Lord *JAMES*, by the
Grace of God, of *England, Scotland, France,*
and *Ireland* King, Defender of the Faith, &c.



LONDON,

Printed by the Assigns of *John Bill* deceas'd : And
by *Henry Hills*, and *Thomas Newcomb*, Printers
To the *KINGS* most Excellent MAJESTY, 1685.



Anno Regni

Jacobi II. Regis.

An Act for Repealing a Clause for Dividing of Commons in an Act of Parliament made in the Fifteenth year of King Charles the Second, Intituled, *An Act for Settling the Dreyning of the Great Level of the Fens called Bedford-Level.*



Whereas in and by an Act of Parliament made in the Fifteenth year of the Reign of his late Majesty King Charles the Second of ever Blessed Memory, Entituled, *An Act for Settling the Dreyning of the Great Level of the Fens called Bedford-Level*, there is a proviso, and it was Enacted, That it should and might be Lawful for any Person or Persons, Bodies Politick or Corporate, their Heirs and Successors that were or should be

R r 2

Lords

Lords of Manors, or have Right of Common in the Commons and Wastes in the said Leet, or within any Town, Parish or Place into which the Works of Dreyning or any of them did extend to improve, set out and inclose, divide and sever such proportion or proportions as to them should or might severally and respectively belong or be adjudged and allotted unto them in severalty by certain Commissioners appointed in the said Act, and as they should Adjudge and Determine as by the said Clause in the said Act more fully appears.

And Whereas since the passing of the said Act several Lords of Manors and others who had Right of Common in the said Commons and Wastes, did divide and take their said Shares or proportions thereof.

And Whereas such taking and cutting of the said Commons and Wastes into small pieces is since found to be very prejudicial to the Owners and Countrey, being a great Wast of Ground in Division Ditches, which are hard to be kept as fences between party and party, the Roadways and passages through such Commons as set forth being very low, and generally in bad Ground, not passable or well to be amended, whereby such Divisions are of little value.

And

And whereas it occasions great Diminution of Stock and Decay of Houses, many Persons Selling their Shares of Common from the House it belongs unto, to a great Impoverishment and Increase of the Poor, to prevent any further Inconveniencies thereby: Be it Enacted by the Kings most Excellent Majesty, by and with the Advice and Assent of the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and Commons in this Parliament Assembled, and by the Authority of the same, That the said Clause in the said Act for such Dividing and Inclosing, shall be, and is hereby Repealed and made void, to all intents and purposes; And that no more Divisions or Inclosures shall be hereafter made of the said Wastes and Commons therein mentioned pursuant to the said Act, any Thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

Provided always, and it is further Enacted that all Inclosures already made and certified into the Petty-Bag-Office pursuant to the said Act, shall be held and enjoyed by the Owners thereof, as fully to all intents and purposes, as if this Act had not been made.

And whereas severall Persons and Townships finding the Inconveniencies of Dividing and Cutting aforesaid, did come unto Agreements and Bound themselves not to Divide, but to Feed and Order the said Commons and Wastes by Way of

an equal stint of Catele in a like proportion to their great Advantage and Improvement: And those Agreements have been Confirmed by the Decrees of his Majesties High-Court of Chancery.

Be it therefore Enacted, That all such Agreements so made and Confirmed by the Decrees as aforesaid, shall be and are hereby Ratified and binding to all such person or persons who were Parties Consenting to the same, and all claiming by, from, or under them, or any of them, and according as in the said Decrees are expressed and contained.

And Whereas divers persons have had Decrees and Adjudications for Inclosures and Allotments within the said Level already made, by Commissioners in the said Act appointed pursuant to the same Act, have neglected to get the said Decrees and Adjudications to be Signed, Sealed and Certified into the Petty-Bag-Office as by the said Act is Directed: It is now further Provided and Enacted, That so many of the said Decrees and Adjudications already made and imperfect as aforesaid, which shall be made perfect by being Signed and Sealed by the said Commissioners and Certified into the Petty-Bag-Office in such manner as by the said Act is appointed, before the four and twentieth day of June, which shall be in the year of our Lord One thousand six hundred eighty six, shall be good and valid

valid in Law to all intents and purposes as if the same had been so perfected at the time of making this Act, and all Inclosures and Allotments by vertue thereof shall be enjoyed by the respective persons Interested as if this Act had never been made. And all such of the said Decrees which shall not be perfected by the said time in manner and form aforesaid, shall be utterly void and null to all intents and purposes whatsoever, and all Inclosures by vertue thereof shall be thrown open as if such Decrees or Adjudications had never been made, any thing in this Act or in any Law, Statute or Usage contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

F I N I S.

